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1 Domains-tlds:GET

2 GET /domains/tlds

Get a list of available TLDs.

2.1 Contents

- 1 GET
/domains/tlds
 - ◆ 1.1 Request
 - ◊ 1.1.1 Parameters
 - ◆ 1.2 Response
 - ◊ 1.2.1 Status Code
 - ◊ 1.2.2 Response Body
 - 1.2.2.1 Parameters
 - ◆ 1.3 See also

2.2 Request

GET /domains/tlds

2.2.1 Parameters

2.3 Response

2.3.1 Status Code

200 OK

A list of the TLDs available is returned.

500 Internal Server Error

There was an error getting the domain products from back end.

2.3.2 Response Body

```
[ "biz", "com", "info", "name", "net", "org", "us", "asia", "ae", "pro", "am", "ag", "bz", ... ]
```

2.3.2.1 Parameters

2.4 See also

- Domain Name Registration API
- Name suggestion search
- Common Features

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3 Domains-tlds-registryagreements:GET

4 GET /domains/tlds/registryagreement

Get a list of registry agreements

4.1 Contents

- 1 GET /domains/tlds/registryagreement
 - ◆ 1.1 Request
 - ◊ 1.1.1 Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.2 Request Headers
 - ◊ 1.1.3 Request Body
 - 1.1.3.1 Request Parameters
 - ◆ 1.2 Response
 - ◊ 1.2.1 Status Code
 - ◊ 1.2.2 Response Body
 - ◆ 1.3 Example get registry agreements for com,net,ca
 - ◆ 1.4 Example get registry agreements (supplying invalid tld) for com,net,ca,invalidTld
 - ◆ 1.5 See also

4.2 Request

GET /domains/tlds/registryagreement

4.2.1 Parameters

tld

one or more valid tld's separated by comma

4.2.2 Request Headers

None.

4.2.3 Request Body

None.

4.2.3.1 Request Parameters

tld - *list of strings*
comma separated list of tlds
for example, tlds=com,net.org

4.3 Response

4.3.1 Status Code

200 OK

Returns list of registry agreements

400 Bad Request

Invalid request, invalid parameter supplied

4.3.2 Response Body

List of registry agreements

4.4 Example get registry agreements for com,net,ca

Request

GET /domains/tlds/registryagreement?tlds=com,net,ca

Response

200 OK
Content-Type: application/json; charset=UTF-8

```
{"agreements":  
[  
  {"com": ""},  
  {"net": ""},  
  {"ca": "https://services.cira.ca/agree/agreement/agreementVersion2.0.jsp"},  
]  
}
```

4.5 Example get registry agreements (supplying invalid tld) for com,net,ca,invalidTld

Request

GET /domains/tlds/registryagreement?tlds=com,net,ca,invalidTld

Response

200 OK

```
Content-Type: application/json; charset=UTF-8
{
  "agreements": [
    {
      "com": "",
      "net": "",
      "ca": "https://services.cira.ca/agree/agreement/agreementVersion2.0.jsp",
      "invalidtld": "Tld not supported"
    }
  ]
}
```

4.6 See also

- [Common Features](#)

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5 Domains-tlds-extparams:GET

Some TLDs require additional parameters for registration. This request returns the extra parameters (if any) for the specified TLD, e.g. for .it (Italy) it would return the following data structure:

```
{  
  "attributes": [  
    {  
      "description": "Tax ID. If the requester is ...",  
      "userDefined": true,  
      "required": 1,  
      "isChild": 0,  
      "application": 2,  
      "options": [  
        "option": [  
          {  
            "description": "If the requester is ...",  
            "requires": null,  
            "id": 972,  
            "value": "1",  
            "title": "Codice Fiscale"  
          }  
        ]  
      ],  
      "id": 151,  
      "name": "it_pin"  
    },  
    ...  
  ]  
}
```

This data can be used by the client application to display a form with the required fields, along with descriptions and values. It is also used by the Public API to validate domain orders. For example, from the above data you can see that the "it_pin" parameter is required when registering .it domains, so you need to include it in your order as "extraParams" (either as a service attribute if using the standard ordering process - see [Ordering Domain](#), or in the domain shortcut registration request - see [PUT /accounts/{accountId}/domains/{domainName}](#)):

```
{  
  "domainName": "testname.it",  
  "extraParams": [{"name": "ip_pin", "value": "1"}, ...]  
...  
}
```

As a common example, the .us domain registration requires the "us_nexus" and "us_purpose" parameters:

```
{  
  "domainName": "ng-test-20141020.us",  
  "extraParams": [{"name": "us_nexus", "value": "C11"}, {"name": "us_purpose", "value": "P1"}],  
...  
}
```

Another example would be the .pro registration, which requires "pro_profession" parameter:

```
{  
  "domainName": "ng-test-20141020.pro",  
  "extraParams": [{"name": "pro_profession", "value": "engineer"}],  
...  
}
```

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6 Domains-domainName:GET

7 GET /domains/{domainName}

Performs domain availability check.

7.1 Contents

- 1 GET
/domains/{domainName}
 - ◆ 1.1 Request
 - ◊ 1.1.1 Parameters
 - ◆ 1.2 Response
 - ◊ 1.2.1 Status Code
 - ◊ 1.2.2 Response Body
 - 1.2.2.1 Parameters
 - ◆ 1.3 See also

7.2 Request

GET /domains/ {domainName}

7.2.1 Parameters

domainName - string

The valid domain name to check including only the labels that are appropriate for the valid registration of a domain name at the registry. IE: **example.com** is a valid domain name that could be or is already registered at the registry. Whereas **http://www.example.com** or **www.example.com** are not. If the domain name is invalid, or is otherwise not registerable such as for a non-existent or non-supported TLD, an error will be returned. Domain names are case insensitive.

7.3 Response

7.3.1 Status Code

An HTTP response code value indicating ancillary information about the domain availability. See notes below for the meaning of the response code. Check the 'available' value to determine if the given domain name is available at the registry.

200 OK

Domain is either registered and does not exist in ServicePlex, or available. The 'available' result will be 'false' if the domain is registered (in this case and the domain can be presented as already taken and perhaps transferable to ServicePlex) and 'true' if the name is available.

203 Non Authoritative

Domain is already registered in ServicePlex. Check the 'available' result to see if the domain exists at the registry already. For example, a domain may be pending provisioning and therefore it already exists in ServicePlex and so is not available for registration even if the 'available' value is 'true'

400 Bad Request

The domain name is not valid.

412 Unauthorized

Domain is not permitted for registration in ServicePlex. Check the 'available' value to see if the domain is registered at the registry. A domain might not be permitted if it is in a restricted list of domain names that are prevented from being registered in ServicePlex. For example **buy-olympic-tickets.com** might be available but it is restricted. Special privileges are required to register restricted domains.

7.3.2 Response Body

```
{  
  "available": "{available}",  
  "name": "{domainName}"  
}
```

7.3.2.1 Parameters

available - boolean

Indicates if the domain is *available* for registration **true**, or if the domain is already registered and subsequently not available for registration **false**. The value of 'available' is determined by checking the registry to see if a record of the domain exists or not, independent of the status or rules for registering the domain in ServicePlex.

domainName - string

The domain name that was supplied in the GET request.

7.4 See also

- Domain Name Registration API
- Name suggestion search
- Common Features

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8 Domains-domainName-namespinner:GET

9 GET /domains/{domainName}/namespinner

The NameSpinner command generates domain name suggestions that are similar to the given domain. The results include information on the availability of each suggested domain in different Top Level Domains (TLD). Results can be adjusted by TLD, the number of results to return, the inclusion of hyphens to separate words, and the use of related terms or phrases. The name spinner can be used to suggest alternative choices for domains when the customers preferred choices are all taken. It is therefore useful to use in conjunction with the standard domain availability check command.

9.1 Contents

- 1 GET
/domains/{domainName}/namespinner
 - ◆ 1.1 Request
 - ◊ 1.1.1 Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.2 URI Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.3 Request Headers
 - ◆ 1.2 Response
 - ◊ 1.2.1 Status Code
 - ◊ 1.2.2 Response Body
 - ◊ 1.2.3 Response parameters
 - ◆ 1.3 Example Name Spinner
 - ◊ 1.3.1 Request
 - ◊ 1.3.2 Response
 - ◆ 1.4 NameSpinner Sample Code
 - ◆ 1.5 See also

9.2 Request

```
GET /domains/{domainName}/namespinner
```

9.2.1 Parameters

domainName

Required, the domain name, word or search terms for which to get suggestions. The input must include only alphanumeric characters, the 'dot' character, hyphens and spaces. For example the following are valid domainName values "Check my domain", "checkmydomain.com", "check-my-domain". The following are not valid "<http://www.checkmydomain.com>", "www.checkmydomain.com"

9.2.2 URI Parameters

maxResults - int

Optional, if specified controls the maximum number of suggestions per TLD. The value must be between 1 and 99. The default value is 20. NOTE: the number of results returned may be less than maxResults if there are not enough suggestions to provide based on the search terms.

useHyphens - boolean

Optional, if specified controls whether to use hyphens when generating suggestions. Depending on the search terms and the number of results, the useHyphens toggle may or may not have an impact on results. The default is 'false'.

addRelated - boolean

Optional, if specified controls whether to use related terms or phrases when generating suggestions. For example if the input includes the words 'HorseTrading' the addRelated parameter might cause a result such as SportHorseTrading, since sport and horse are related. The default is false.

TLDList - string

Optional, if specified the list of TLDs may include COM, NET, ORG, INFO, BIZ, CO, PRO, US, CA, ASIA & MOBI. The list is a comma separated list of the desired TLDs to include in the results, and must not include the 'dot' ('.') separator. The default is to include all supported TLDs.

9.2.3 Request Headers

Accept

Allows the client to specify the preferred response content type. Currently supported values:
application/json

9.3 Response

9.3.1 Status Code

200 OK

Success.

9.3.2 Response Body

```
{"suggestions": [
    {
        "available": "{available}", "name": "{suggestion}", "tld": "{tld}"}
    }
]}
```

9.3.3 Response parameters

available - *boolean*
Indicates true or false if the suggested domain name is available for registration for this TLD.

suggestion - *string*
The second level domain name label.

tld - *string*
The TLD associated with this suggestion. The 'name' and 'tld' should be combined to form the complete domain name. For example 'name'.*tld*'

9.4 Example Name Spinner

9.4.1 Request

GET /domains/greenenergy/namespinner?maxResults=10&addRelated=true&useHyphens=true&TLDList=com,net,org.us

9.4.2 Response

```
{
  "suggestions": [
    {
      "available": "true",
      "name": "Green-Energy-Home",
      "tld": "Com"
    },
    {
      "available": "false",
      "name": "Green-Energy-Home",
      "tld": "Net"
    },
    {
      "available": "true",
      "name": "Green-Energy-Home",
      "tld": "Org"
    },
    {
      "available": "true",
      "name": "Green-Energy-Home",
      "tld": "Us"
    },
    {
      "available": "true",
      "name": "Best-Green-Energy",
      "tld": "Com"
    },
    {
      "available": "true",
      "name": "Best-Green-Energy",
      "tld": "Net"
    },
    {
      "available": "true",
      "name": "Best-Green-Energy",
      "tld": "Org"
    },
    {
      "available": "true",
      "name": "Best-Green-Energy",
      "tld": "Us"
    },
    {
      "available": "true",
      "name": "Free-Green-Energy",
      "tld": "Com"
    },
    {
      "available": "true",
      "name": "Free-Green-Energy",
      "tld": "Net"
    },
    {
      "available": "true",
      "name": "Free-Green-Energy",
      "tld": "Org"
    },
    {
      "available": "true",
      "name": "Free-Green-Energy",
      "tld": "Us"
    },
    {
      "available": "true",
      "name": "Green-Energy-Savings",
      "tld": "Com"
    },
    {
      "available": "true",
      "name": "Green-Energy-Savings",
      "tld": "Us"
    }
  ]
}
```

```

        "tld":"Net"
    },
    {
        "available":"true",
        "name":"Green-Energy-Savings",
        "tld":"Org"
    },
    {
        "available":"true",
        "name":"Green-Energy-Savings",
        "tld":"Us"
    },
    {
        "available":"true",
        "name":"Green-Energy-Technologies",
        "tld":"Com"
    },
    {
        "available":"true",
        "name":"Green-Energy-Technologies",
        "tld":"Net"
    },
    {
        "available":"true",
        "name":"Green-Energy-Technologies",
        "tld":"Org"
    },
    {
        "available":"true",
        "name":"Green-Energy-Technologies",
        "tld":"Us"
    },
    {
        "available":"true",
        "name":"Green-Clean-Energy",
        "tld":"Com"
    },
    {
        "available":"true",
        "name":"Green-Clean-Energy",
        "tld":"Net"
    },
    {
        "available":"true",
        "name":"Green-Clean-Energy",
        "tld":"Org"
    },
    {
        "available":"true",
        "name":"Green-Clean-Energy",
        "tld":"Us"
    },
    {
        "available":"true",
        "name":"Green-Energy-Future",
        "tld":"Com"
    },
    {
        "available":"true",
        "name":"Green-Energy-Future",
        "tld":"Net"
    },
    {
        "available":"false",
        "name":"Green-Energy-Future",
        "tld":"Org"
    },
    {
        "available":"true",
        "name":"Green-Energy-Future",
        "tld":"Us"
    },
    {
        "available":"true",
        "name":"Green-Wind-Energy",
        "tld":"Com"
    },
    {
        "available":"true",
        "name":"Green-Wind-Energy",
        "tld":"Net"
    },
    {
        "available":"true",
        "name":"Green-Wind-Energy",
        "tld":"Org"
    },
    {
        "available":"false",
        "name":"Green-Wind-Energy",
        "tld":"Us"
    },
    {
        "available":"true",
        "name":"Green-Energy-Barrier",
        "tld":"Com"
    },
    {
        "available":"true",
        "name":"Green-Energy-Barrier",
        "tld":"Net"
    },
    {
        "available":"true",
        "name":"Green-Energy-Barrier",
        "tld":"Org"
    }
},

```

```

{
  "available": "true",
  "name": "Green-Energy-Barrier",
  "tld": "Us"
},
{
  "available": "true",
  "name": "Austin-Green-Energy",
  "tld": "Com"
},
{
  "available": "true",
  "name": "Austin-Green-Energy",
  "tld": "Net"
},
{
  "available": "true",
  "name": "Austin-Green-Energy",
  "tld": "Org"
},
{
  "available": "true",
  "name": "Austin-Green-Energy",
  "tld": "Us"
}
]
}

```

9.5 NameSpinner Sample Code

HTML and JavaScript sample code is available for download [here](#).

9.6 See also

- Domain Name Registration API
- Check domain availability
- Common Features

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10 Domains-domainName-transfer:GET

11 GET /domains/{domainName}/transfer

Performs domain transferability check.

11.1 Contents

- 1 GET
/domains/{domainName}/transfer
 - ◆ 1.1 Request
 - ◊ 1.1.1 Parameters
 - ◆ 1.2 Response
 - ◊ 1.2.1 Status
 - ◊ 1.2.2 Code
 - ◊ 1.2.2 Response
 - ◊ 1.2.2 Body
 - 1.2.2.1 Parameters
 - ◆ 1.3 See also

11.2 Request

GET /domains/{domainName}/transfer

11.2.1 Parameters

domainName - string

The valid domain name to check including only the labels that are appropriate for the valid registration of a domain name at the registry. IE: **example.com** is a valid domain name that could be or is already registered at the registry. Whereas **http://www.example.com** or **www.example.com** are not. If the domain name is invalid, or is otherwise not registerable such as for a non-existent or non-supported TLD, an error will be returned. Domain names are case insensitive.

11.3 Response

11.3.1 Status Code

An HTTP response code value indicating ancillary information about the domain availability. See notes below for the meaning of the response code. Check the 'available' value to determine if the given domain name is available at the registry.

200 OK
transferability check ran ok

11.3.2 Response Body

```
{  
  "transferrable": "{transferrable}",  
  "name": "{domainName}",  
  "code": 2106,  
  "description": "Domain is not yet eligible for transfer, same franchise"  
  "adminEmail": "{adminEmail}"  
}
```

11.3.2.1 Parameters

transferrable - boolean

domainName - string

code - string

code holds the exact value of the transferability check
2300 = Domain transfer already in progress
2302 = Domain is already registered with this registrar
2303 = Domain is not registered
2304 = Domain status prohibits operation
2202 = Invalid authorization information
2106 = Domain is not yet eligible for transfer
2102 = Transfer not supported for this TLD
3100 = whois error

description - string
refer to the above code for the description

adminEmail - string
Whois admin email, if whois is available

11.4 See also

- Domain Name Registration API
- Common Features

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12 Accounts-accountNumber-domains-transfer-domainName:GET

13 GET /accounts/{accountNumber}/domains/transfers/{domainName}

This call will return detailed information on a domain transfer that is in progress for the given domain name and customer number.

13.1 Contents

- 1 GET
/accounts/{accountNumber}/domains/transfers/{domainName}
 - ◆ 1.1 Request
 - ◊ 1.1.1 URI Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.2 Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.3 Request Headers
 - ◊ 1.1.4 Request Body
 - ◆ 1.2 Response
 - ◊ 1.2.1 Status Code
 - ◊ 1.2.2 Response Body
 - ◊ 1.2.3 Parameters
 - ◊ 1.2.4 Status object fields
 - ◆ 1.3 Example of getting transfer status.
 - ◆ 1.4 See also

13.2 Request

GET /accounts/{accountNumber}/domains/transfers/{domainName}

13.2.1 URI Parameters

accountNumber
client account number

Template:DomainTransfer

13.2.2 Parameters

None.

13.2.3 Request Headers

Accept: application/json

13.2.4 Request Body

None.

13.3 Response

13.3.1 Status Code

200 OK
Returns status for transfer.

403 Forbidden

This customer is not authorized to view the transfer. Possibly the transfer belongs to another account.

404 Not Found

No transfer order found for this domain and account number.

500 Internal Server Error

Registry error.

13.3.2 Response Body

Status info for the transfer order.

13.3.3 Parameters

history
List of status objects (see below for the status fields)

status
Current status object with the following fields:

13.3.4 Status object fields

canBeReset

Boolean value that indicates if a transfer is in a state that can be reset. This means the transfer ran into a problem that prevents it from proceeding until corrective actions are taken and the transfer is reset. If a transfer is still in progress it cannot be reset. Nor may a transfer be reset if it has been voided.

status

Status value of the transfer order. Valid statuses are:

Status	Can be Reset	Description
--------	--------------	-------------

0	N	Transfer request created - awaiting fax
1	N	Whois information matches
2	Y	Canceled due to Whois error
3	N	Pending due to domain status
4	Y	Canceled due to domain status
5	N	Transferred and paid successfully
6	Y	Transfer incomplete charge problem
7	N	Frozen due to charge problem
8	Y	NSI rejected transfer
9	N	Awaiting auto verification of transfer request
10	Y	Unable to retrieve current domain contacts from UWhois
11	N	Auto verification of transfer request initiated
12	N	Awaiting for auto transfer string validation
13	N	Domain awaiting transfer initiation
14	N	Domain transfer initiated and awaiting approval
15	Y	Canceled - cannot obtain domain contacts from UWhois
16	Y	Canceled - domain contacts did not response to verification e-mails
17	Y	Canceled - domain contacts did not approve transfer of domain
18	N	Canceled - domain validation string is invalid
19	N	Canceled - Whois information provided does not match current registrant
20	N	Canceled - Domain is currently not registered and cannot be transferred
21	N	Canceled - Domain already registered in account & cannot be transferred
22	Y	Canceled - Domain is locked at current registrar
23	Y	Canceled - Transfer already initiated for this domain
24	Y	Canceled - Unable to transfer due to unknown error
25	Y	Canceled - Transfer rejected by losing registrar
26	Y	Canceled - Transfer authorization fax not received
27	Y	Canceled by customer
28	N	Fax received - awaiting registrant verification
29	N	Awaiting manual fax verification
30	N	Canceled - Domain name is invalid or is Invalid for Transfers
31	Y	Canceled - Domain is currently undergoing transfer by another Registrar
32	Y	Canceled - Invalid EPP/authorization key - Please contact current registrar to obtain correct key
33	N	Canceled - Cannot transfer domain from name-only account
34	N	Unable to complete transfer. Transfers must include a change in registrar.
35	N	Transfer request not yet submitted
36	N	Canceled - Account is not authorized to perform domain transfers
37	Y	Canceled - Domain was not retagged or not retagged in time by losing registrar
45	Y	Order cancelled

description

Description of the status.

emailAddress (optional)

E-mail address to which FOA notification was sent

statusChangeDate (optional)

The date when status has changed

authInfo

The current authInfo value being used to start the transfer at the registry. The authInfo can be updated using the reset transfer call. For example if the transfer is blocking with a status of 32, the authInfo needs to be updated, or the losing registrar must set the authInfo to the present value.

13.4 Example of getting transfer status.

Request

```
GET /accounts/acct12345/domains/transfers/test.com
```

Response

200 OK

Content-Type: application/json; charset=UTF-8

```
{
  "status": {
    "status": 7,
    "emailAddress": "joshbond@usa.net",
    "description": "Auto verification of transfer request initiated",
    "statusChangeDate": "2014-03-25T11:15:11-05:00",
    "authInfo": "auth123$000",
    "canBeReset": false
  },
  "history": [
    {
      "status": 7,
      "emailAddress": "joshbond@usa.net",
      "description": "Auto verification of transfer request initiated",
      "statusChangeDate": "2014-03-25T11:15:11-05:00",
      "authInfo": "auth123$000",
      "canBeReset": false
    }
  ]
}
```

13.5 See also

- [Common Features](#)

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14 Accounts-accountNumber-domains-transfer-domainName:PUT

15 PUT /accounts/{accountNumber}/domains/transfers/{domainName}

A domain name transfer is a long running process that may run into several problems along the way. If a problem occurs, a domain transfer will block for up to 60 days. The reset call is made to retry the transfer based on some change that will remove the impediment to the transfer's progress. Possible reasons that a transfer will block are:

- Domain status at the registry prevented the transfer: for example the domain was locked, or in redemptionPeriod
- Wrong authInfo was supplied and the registry rejected the attempt
- Domain was registered for less than 60 days at the time the transfer was attempted
- The registrar or customer rejected the transfer request (NACK)
- The current authorized contact of the domain failed to respond to the request to authorize the transfer
- The domain was already pending transfer at the registry

15.1 Contents

- 1 PUT
/accounts/{accountNumber}/domains/transfers/{domainName}
 - ◆ 1.1 Request
 - ◊ 1.1.1 URI Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.2 Request Headers
 - ◊ 1.1.3 Request Body
 - ◊ 1.1.4 Parameters
 - ◆ 1.2 Response
 - ◊ 1.2.1 Status Code
 - ◊ 1.2.2 Response Body
 - ◊ 1.2.3 Parameters
 - ◆ 1.3 Example of getting transfer status.
 - ◆ 1.4 See also

15.2 Request

PUT /accounts/{accountNumber}/domains/transfers/{domainName}

15.2.1 URI Parameters

accountNumber
client account number

Template:DomainTransfer

15.2.2 Request Headers

Content-type: application/json

15.2.3 Request Body

```
{  
    'authInfo': '{authInfo}'  
}
```

15.2.4 Parameters

authInfo - string

The authInfo passed in the request body is optional. If a value is passed it must be a valid authInfo string from 6 to 16 characters in length. If no authInfo is passed the previous value will be used. In the case where the previous value was not accepted by the registry, a new authInfo should be supplied or the existing registrar should update the authInfo to the value that was previously used.

15.3 Response

15.3.1 Status Code

202 OK	Domain transfer has been reset
404 Bad Request	One of the required parameters accountNumber, domainName or authInfo was missing or invalid.
404 Not Found	No pending transfer order found for this domain.
403 Forbidden	The domain transfer does not belong to the given customer account.
409 Conflict	Domain transfer is pending but is not in a state that can be reset. For example, the transfer was successfully sent to the registry and is awaiting a response from the current registrar. Use the call to get domain transfer status to see if the domain may be reset.
500 Internal Server Error	An unknown error occurred.

15.3.2 Response Body

No body.

15.3.3 Parameters

No response parameters.

15.4 Example of getting transfer status.

Request

```
PUT /accounts/acct12345/domains/transfers/test.com
{
  'authInfo': 'mySecret'
}
```

Response

204 OK

15.5 See also

- [Common Features](#)

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16 Ordering Domain

You can order a domain name using the [Ordering API](#). The ordering process should have the following steps. You need to create an order, create an account or set an existing account to use with the order, add a product, add service to the product, add attributes to the service and finally you need to validate the order, get a quote and submit the order. The general process is documented in the [Ordering API](#).

When creating a product, you need to use the product offering (specification) associated with the domain product, e.g.

```
{ "offering": "http://coreapi01.ote.chicago.hostway:8100/productSpecifications/core.plan.dnr.only/offerings/USD-12" }
```

When adding a service to the product you need to use service specification associated with domain name registration:

```
{
  "name": "ng-test-fitnessse-20130412-0840.com",
  "serviceSpecification": "http://coreapi01.ote.chicago.hostway:8100/serviceSpecifications/core.dnr.com",
  "billingCycle": 12
}
```

Finally, the service needs to have attributes such as domain contacts, nameservers, registration term, etc.:

Register .com

```
{
  "domainName": "ng-test-fitnessse-20130412-0840.com",
  "operation": "register",
  "term": 1,
  "authInfo" : "mysecret",
  "nameservers" : [ "ns1.test.com", "ns2.test.com" ],
  "contactInfo" : {
    "registrant": {
      "type": "registrant",
      "firstName": "John",
      "lastName": "Doe",
      "company": "ACME Inc.",
      "street1": "123 First Str.",
      "city": "Chicago",
      "zipOrPostal": "34567",
      "stateOrProvince": "IL",
      "countryCode": "US",
      "email1": "john.doe@test.com",
      "phone1": "+1.312.456789098" },
    "administrative": {
      "type": "administrative",
      ...
    },
    "billing": {
      "type": "billing",
      ...
    },
    "technical": {
      "type": "technical",
      ...
    }
  }
}
```

Register .us

```
{
  "domainName": "ng-test-fitnessse-20130412-0840.us",
  "operation": "register",
  "term": 1,
  "authInfo" : "mysecret",
  "nameservers" : [ "ns1.test.com", "ns2.test.com" ],
  "extraParams": [{"name": "us_nexus", "value": "C11"}, {"name": "us_purpose", "value": "P1"}],
  "contactInfo" : {
    "registrant": {
      "type": "registrant",
      "firstName": "John",
      "lastName": "Doe",
      "company": "ACME Inc.",
      "street1": "123 First Str.",
      "city": "Chicago",
      "zipOrPostal": "34567",
      "stateOrProvince": "IL",
      "countryCode": "US",
      "email1": "john.doe@test.com",
      "phone1": "+1.312.456789098" },
    "administrative": {
      "type": "administrative",
      ...
    },
    "billing": {
      "type": "billing",
      ...
    },
    "technical": {
      "type": "technical",
      ...
    }
  }
}
```

16.1 Service Attributes

domainName - *string*
The domain name
operation - *string*

"register" to register a domain

term - *integer*
The registration term (period) in years

authInfo - *string*
Authentication info, currently not supported

nameservers - *list of strings*
Domain name servers (DNS) for the domain

extraParams - *list of extra params* (optional)
List of additional parameters required for some TLDs. Each parameter is an object with "name" and "value" fields. For example, .us registration requires the fields "us_nexus" which can be one of the following [C11, C12, C21, C31, C32] - see [What are Domain Name Application Purpose Codes?](#) and "us_purpose" which can be one of [P1, P2, P3, P4, P5] - see [What do the Nexus Codes mean?](#) You can find more information on extra parameters in the [GET /domains/tlds/{tld}/extiparams](#) documentation.

company - *string* (optional)
The company or organization name

firstName - *string*
The first name of the contact person

lastName - *string*
The last name of the contact person

street1 - *string*
The street address

street2 - *string* (optional)
The second line of the street address (if any)

city - *string*
The city

countryCode - *string*
The international 2-letter country code

stateOrProvince - *string*
The state or province. For US states use the 2-letter state code

zipOrPostal - *string*
The postal code

email1 - *string*
The e-mail address of the contact person

phone1 - *string*
The phone number of the contact person in valid [E.164](#) format, e.g. +1.3209270625

16.2 See also

- [Ordering API](#)

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17 OrderingTransferDomain

You can order a transfer domain name using the [Ordering API](#). The ordering process should have the following steps. You need to create an order, create an account or set an existing account to use with the order, add a product, add service to the product, add attributes to the service and finally you need to validate the order, get a quote and submit the order. The general process is documented in the [Ordering API](#).

When creating a product, you need to use the product offering (specification) associated with the domain product, e.g.

```
{ "offering": "http://coreapi01.ote.chicago.hostway:8100/productSpecifications/core.plan.dnr.only/offerings/USD-12" }
```

When adding a service to the product you need to use service specification associated with domain name registration:

```
{
  "name": "ng-test-fitnessse-20130412-0840.com",
  "serviceSpecification": "http://coreapi01.ote.chicago.hostway:8100/serviceSpecifications/core.dnr.com",
  "billingCycle": 12
}
```

Finally, the service needs to have attributes such as domain contacts, nameservers, registration term, etc.:

Transfer .com

```
{
  "domainName": "ng-test-fitnessse-20130412-0840.com",
  "operation": "transfer",
  "term": 1,
  "authInfo" : "mysecret",
  "nameservers" : [ "ns1.test.com", "ns2.test.com" ],
  "contactInfo" : {
    "registrant": {
      "type": "registrant",
      "firstName": "John",
      "lastName": "Doe",
      "company": "ACME Inc.",
      "street1": "123 First Str.",
      "city": "Chicago",
      "zipOrPostal": "34567",
      "stateOrProvince": "IL",
      "countryCode": "US",
      "email1": "john.doe@test.com",
      "phone1": "+1.312.456789098" },
    "administrative": {
      "type": "administrative",
      ...
    },
    "billing": {
      "type": "billing",
      ...
    },
    "technical": {
      "type": "technical",
      ...
    }
  }
}
```

Transfer .us

```
{
  "domainName": "ng-test-fitnessse-20130412-0840.us",
  "operation": "transfer",
  "term": 1,
  "authInfo" : "mysecret",
  "nameservers" : [ "ns1.test.com", "ns2.test.com" ],
  "additionalParams" : {
    "usNexusCode": "{usNexusCode}",
    "usNexusCategory": "{usNexusCategory}"
  },
  "contactInfo" : {
    "registrant": {
      "type": "registrant",
      "firstName": "John",
      "lastName": "Doe",
      "company": "ACME Inc.",
      "street1": "123 First Str.",
      "city": "Chicago",
      "zipOrPostal": "34567",
      "stateOrProvince": "IL",
      "countryCode": "US",
      "email1": "john.doe@test.com",
      "phone1": "+1.312.456789098" },
    "administrative": {
      "type": "administrative",
      ...
    },
    "billing": {
      "type": "billing",
      ...
    },
    "technical": {
      "type": "technical",
      ...
    }
  }
}
```

17.1 Service Attributes

domainName - *string*
The domain name
operation - *string*
"register" to register a domain
term - *integer*
the registration term (period) in years, term must equal 1
authInfo - *string*
authentication info, currently not supported
nameservers - *list of strings*
domain name servers (DNS) for the domain
usNexusCode - *string* (optional) (required for .us)
one of the following [P1, P2, P3, P4, P5]
usNexusCategory - *string* (optional) (required for .us)
one of the following [C11, C12, C21, C31, C32]
company - *string* (optional)
The company or organization name
firstName - *string*
The first name of the contact person
lastName - *string*
The last name of the contact person
street1 - *string*
The street address
street2 - *string* (optional)
The second line of the street address (if any)
city - *string*
The city
countryCode - *string*
The international 2-letter country code
stateOrProvince - *string*
The state or province. For US states use the 2-letter state code
zipOrPostal - *string*
The postal code
email1 - *string*
The e-mail address of the contact person
phone1 - *string*
The phone number of the contact person in valid [E.164](#) format, e.g. +1.3209270625

17.2 See also

- [Ordering API](#)

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18 Accounts-accountId-domains-domainName:PUT

19 PUT /accounts/{accountId}/domains/{domainName}

Place a domain registration order for an existing account.

19.1 Contents

- 1 PUT
/accounts/{accountId}/domains/{domainName}
 - ◆ 1.1 Request
 - ◊ 1.1.1 URI Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.2 Request Headers
 - ◊ 1.1.3 Request Body
 - 1.1.3.1 Request Parameters
 - ◆ 1.2 Response
 - ◊ 1.2.1 Status Code
 - ◊ 1.2.2 Response Body
 - ◆ 1.3 Example of ordering .com domain.
 - ◆ 1.4 Example of ordering .us domain.
 - ◆ 1.5 See also

19.2 Request

PUT /accounts/{accountId}/domains/{domainName}

19.2.1 URI Parameters

accountId - string
The account number

domainName - string
The domain name. IE: **example.com** is a valid domain name, whereas **http://www.example.com** or **www.example.com** are not. If the domain name is invalid, or is otherwise not registerable such as for a non-existent or non-supported TLD, an error will be returned. Domain names are case insensitive. The domain name must be an open or suspended product under the authenticated franchise.

19.2.2 Request Headers

Content-Type
Required. Set this header to application/json; charset=UTF-8

Authorization
Required.

19.2.3 Request Body

Request Body for registering a domain

```
{  
    "domainName": "{domainName}",  
    "operation": "register",  
    "term": {term},  
    "authInfo": "{authInfo}",  
    "nameservers": [ "{nameserver}", "{nameserver}" ],  
    "extraParams": [ {name: "...", value: "..."}, ... ],  
    "contactInfo": {  
        "registrar": {  
            "type": "registrar",  
            "firstName": "{firstName}",  
            "lastName": "{lastName}",  
            "company": "{company}",  
            "street1": "{street1}",  
            "city": "{city}",  
            "zipOrPostal": "{zipOrPostal}",  
            "stateOrProvince": "{stateOrProvince}",  
            "countryCode": "{countryCode}",  
            "email1": "{email1}",  
            "phone1": "[phone1]" },  
        "administrative": {  
            "type": "administrative",  
            ...  
        },  
        "billing": {  
            "type": "billing",  
            ...  
        },  
        "technical": {  
            "type": "technical",  
            ...  
        }  
    }  
}
```

19.2.3.1 Request Parameters

domainName - *string*
The domain name

operation - *string*
"register" to register a domain

term - *integer*
the registration term (period) in years

authInfo - *string*
 authentication info, currently not supported
nameservers - *list of strings*
 domain name servers (DNS) for the domain
extraParams - *list of extra params* (optional)
 List of additional parameters required for some TLDs. Each parameter is an object with "name" and "value" fields. For example, ".us" registration requires the fields "us_nexus" which can be one of the following [C11, C12, C21, C31, C32] - see [What are Domain Name Application Purpose Codes?](#) and "us_purpose" which can be one of [P1, P2, P3, P4, P5] - see [What do the Nexus Codes mean?](#) You can find more information on extra parameters in the [GET /domains/tlds/{tld}/extraparams](#) documentation.
company - *string* (optional)
 The company or organization name
firstName - *string*
 The first name of the contact person
lastName - *string*
 The last name of the contact person
street1 - *string*
 The street address
street2 - *string* (optional)
 The second line of the street address (if any)
city - *string*
 The city
countryCode - *string*
 The international 2-letter country code
stateOrProvince - *string*
 The state or province. For US states use the 2-letter state code
zipOrPostal - *string*
 The postal code
email1 - *string*
 The e-mail address of the contact person
phone1 - *string*
 The phone number of the contact person in valid [E.164](#) format, e.g. +1.3209270625

19.3 Response

19.3.1 Status Code

202 Accepted
 The domain registration order has been submitted.

400 Bad Request
 The domain information is invalid.

19.3.2 Response Body

Response Body for registering domain

The response contains the order id and the link for the domain registration order.

```
{
  "orderId": "0000013dfeb0db5aa6c51427000ac81d1e6e110e",
  "links": [
    {"href": "http://coreapi01.ote.hostway:8100/orders/0000013dfeb0db5aa6c51427000ac81d1e6e110e",
     "rel": "self"}
  ]
}
```

19.4 Example of ordering .com domain.

```
PUT /accounts/acct839326/domains/ng-test-fitnessse-shortcut-20130412-0940.com
Content-Type: application/json; charset=UTF-8
Authorization: Basic ...
```

```
{
  "domainName": "ng-test-fitnessse-shortcut-20130412-0940.com",
  "operation": "register",
  "term": 1,
  "authInfo": "mysecret",
  "nameservers": [ "ns1.test.com", "ns2.test.com" ],
  "contactInfo": {
    "registrant": {
      "type": "registrant",
      "firstName": "John",
      "lastName": "Doe",
      "company": "ACME Inc.",
      "street1": "123 First Str.",
      "city": "Chicago",
      "zipOrPostal": "34567",
      "stateOrProvince": "IL",
      "countryCode": "US",
      "email1": "john.doe@test.com",
      "phone1": "+1.312.456789098"
    },
    "administrative": {
      "type": "administrative",
      ...
    },
    "billing": {
      "type": "billing",
      ...
    },
    "technical": {
      "type": "technical",
      ...
    }
  }
}
```

Response

202 Accepted

```
{  
  "orderId": "0000013dfcb0db5aa6c51427000ac81d1e6e110e",  
  "links":  
    [{"href": "http://coreapi01.ote.chicago.hostway:8100/orders/0000013dfcb0db5aa6c51427000ac81d1e6e110e",  
     "rel": "self"}]  
}
```

19.5 Example of ordering .us domain.

PUT /accounts/acct839326/domains/ng-test-Fitnessse-shortcut-20130919-0134.us
Content-Type: application/json; charset=UTF-8
Authorization: Basic ...

```
{  
  "domainName": "ng-test-Fitnessse-shortcut-20130919-0134.us",  
  "operation": "register",  
  "term": 1,  
  "authInfo" : "mysecret",  
  "nameservers" : [ "ns1.test.com", "ns2.test.com" ],  
  "extraParams": [{"name": "us_nexus", "value": "C11"}, {"name": "us_purpose", "value": "P1"}],  
  "contactInfo" : {  
    "registrant": {  
      "type": "registrant",  
      "firstName": "John",  
      "lastName": "Doe",  
      "company": "ACME Inc.",  
      "street1": "123 First Str.",  
      "city": "Chicago",  
      "zipOrPostal": "34567",  
      "stateOrProvince": "IL",  
      "countryCode": "US",  
      "email1": "john.doe@test.com",  
      "phone1": "+1.312.456789098"  
    },  
    "administrative": {  
      "type": "administrative",  
      ...  
    },  
    "billing": {  
      "type": "billing",  
      ...  
    },  
    "technical": {  
      "type": "technical",  
      ...  
    }  
  }  
}
```

Response

202 Accepted

```
{  
  "orderId": "00000141381446d465883bc9007f000000010001",  
  "links":  
    [{"href": "http://coreapi01.ote.chicago.hostway:8182/orders/00000141381446d465883bc9007f000000010001",  
     "rel": "self"}]  
}
```

19.6 See also

- [Domain Name Registration API](#)
- [Common Features](#)

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20 Accounts-accountId-transfer-domains-domainNames:PUT

21 PUT /accounts/{accountId}/domains/{domainName}

Place a domain registration order for an existing account.

21.1 Contents

- 1 PUT
/accounts/{accountId}/domains/{domainName}
 - ◆ 1.1 Request
 - ◊ 1.1.1 URI Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.2 Request Headers
 - ◊ 1.1.3 Request Body
 - 1.1.3.1 Request Parameters
 - ◆ 1.2 Response
 - ◊ 1.2.1 Status Code
 - ◊ 1.2.2 Response Body
 - ◆ 1.3 Example of ordering transfer .com domain.
 - ◆ 1.4 Example of ordering transfer .us domain.
 - ◆ 1.5 See also

21.2 Request

PUT /accounts/{accountId}/domains/{domainName}

21.2.1 URI Parameters

accountId - string
The account number

domainName - string
The domain name. IE: **example.com** is a valid domain name, whereas **http://www.example.com** or **www.example.com** are not. If the domain name is invalid, or is otherwise not registerable such as for a non-existent or non-supported TLD, an error will be returned. Domain names are case insensitive. The domain name must be an open or suspended product under the authenticated franchise.

21.2.2 Request Headers

Content-Type
Required. Set this header to application/json; charset=UTF-8

Authorization
Required.

21.2.3 Request Body

Request Body for registering a domain

```
{  
  "domainName": "{domainName}",  
  "operation": "transfer",  
  "term": {term},  
  "authInfo": "{authInfo}",  
  "nameservers": [ "{nameserver}", "{nameserver}" ],  
  "additionalParams": {  
    "usNexusCode": "{usNexusCode}",  
    "usNexusCategory": "{usNexusCategory}"  
  },  
  "contactInfo": {  
    "registrant": {  
      "type": "registrant",  
      "firstName": "{firstName}",  
      "lastName": "{lastName}",  
      "company": "{company}",  
      "street1": "{street1}",  
      "city": "{city}",  
      "zipOrPostal": "{zipOrPostal}",  
      "stateOrProvince": "{stateOrProvince}",  
      "countryCode": "{countryCode}",  
      "email1": "{email1}",  
      "phone1": "{phone1}" },  
    "administrative": {  
      "type": "administrative",  
      ...  
    },  
    "billing": {  
      "type": "billing",  
      ...  
    },  
    "technical": {  
      "type": "technical",  
      ...  
    }  
  }  
}
```

21.2.3.1 Request Parameters

domainName - string
The domain name

operation - string

"register" to register a domain
 term - *integer*
 the registration term (period) in years, for transfer operation value must be 1
 authInfo - *string*
 authentication info, currently not supported
 nameservers - *list of strings*
 domain name servers (DNS) for the domain
 usNexusCode - *string* (optional) (required for .us)
 one of the following [P1, P2, P3, P4, P5]
 usNexusCategory - *string* (optional) (required for .us)
 one of the following [C11, C12, C21, C31, C32]
 company - *string* (optional)
 The company or organization name
 firstName - *string*
 The first name of the contact person
 lastName - *string*
 The last name of the contact person
 street1 - *string*
 The street address
 street2 - *string* (optional)
 The second line of the street address (if any)
 city - *string*
 The city
 countryCode - *string*
 The international 2-letter country code
 stateOrProvince - *string*
 The state or province. For US states use the 2-letter state code
 zipOrPostal - *string*
 The postal code
 email1 - *string*
 The e-mail address of the contact person
 phone1 - *string*
 The phone number of the contact person in valid E.164 format, e.g. +1.3209270625

21.3 Response

21.3.1 Status Code

202 Accepted

The domain registration order has been submitted.

400 Bad Request

The domain information is invalid.

21.3.2 Response Body

Response Body for registering domain

The response contains the order id and the link for the domain registration order.

```
{
  "orderId": "0000013dfeb0db5aa6c51427000ac81d1e6e110e",
  "links": [
    {"href": "http://coreapi01.ote.chicago.hostway:8100/orders/0000013dfeb0db5aa6c51427000ac81d1e6e110e",
     "rel": "self"}
  ]
}
```

21.4 Example of ordering transfer .com domain.

Request

```
PUT /accounts/acct839326/domains/ng-test-fitnesses-shortcut-20130412-0940.com
Content-Type: application/json; charset=UTF-8
Authorization: Basic ...
```

```
{
  "domainName": "ng-test-fitnesses-shortcut-20130412-0940.com",
  "operation": "transfer",
  "term": 1,
  "authInfo" : "mysecret",
  "nameservers" : [ "ns1.test.com", "ns2.test.com" ],
  "contactInfo" : {
    "registrant": {
      "type": "registrant",
      "firstName": "John",
      "lastName": "Doe",
      "company": "ACME Inc.",
      "street1": "123 First Str.",
      "city": "Chicago",
      "zipOrPostal": "34567",
      "stateOrProvince": "IL",
      "countryCode": "US",
      "email1": "john.doe@test.com",
      "phone1": "+1.312.456789098"
    },
    "administrative": {
      "type": "administrative",
      ...
    },
    "billing": {
      "type": "billing",
      ...
    },
    "technical": {
      ...
    }
  }
}
```

```

        "type": "technical",
        ...
    }
}

```

Response

202 Accepted

```
{
  "orderId": "0000013dfcb0db5aa6c51427000ac81d1e6e110e",
  "links": [
    {"href": "http://coreapi01.ote.chicago.hostway:8100/orders/0000013dfcb0db5aa6c51427000ac81d1e6e110e",
     "rel": "self"}
  ]
}
```

21.5 Example of ordering transfer .us domain.

Request

```
PUT /accounts/acct839326/domains/ng-test-fitnessse-shortcut-20130412-0940.us
Content-Type: application/json; charset=UTF-8
Authorization: Basic ...
```

```
{
  "domainName": "ng-test-fitnessse-shortcut-20130412-0940.us",
  "operation": "transfer",
  "term": 1,
  "authInfo" : "mysecret",
  "nameservers" : [ "ns1.test.com", "ns2.test.com" ],
  "additionalParams" : { "usNexusCode": "P1", "usNexusCategory": "C11" },
  "contactInfo" : {
    "registrar": {
      "type": "registrar",
      "firstName": "John",
      "lastName": "Doe",
      "company": "ACME Inc.",
      "street1": "123 First Str.",
      "city": "Chicago",
      "zipOrPostal": "34567",
      "stateOrProvince": "IL",
      "countryCode": "US",
      "email1": "john.doe@test.com",
      "phone1": "+1.312.456789098"
    },
    "administrative": {
      "type": "administrative",
      ...
    },
    "billing": {
      "type": "billing",
      ...
    },
    "technical": {
      "type": "technical",
      ...
    }
  }
}
```

Response

202 Accepted

```
{
  "orderId": "0000013dfcb0db5aa6c51427000ac81d1e6e110e",
  "links": [
    {"href": "http://coreapi01.ote.chicago.hostway:8100/orders/0000013dfcb0db5aa6c51427000ac81d1e6e110e",
     "rel": "self"}
  ]
}
```

21.6 See also

- [Domain Name Registration API](#)
- [Common Features](#)

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22 Accounts-accountNumber-domains:GET

23 GET /accounts/{accountNumber}/domains

Search for domains in client's account. Standard paging parameters can be used. The result is in standard paging format: list of list of results and pages count. You can search by name (with wildcard), expired or expiring (within 45 days of expiration) domains, or specify date range for expiration.

23.1 Contents

- 1 GET
/accounts/{accountNumber}/domains
 - ◆ 1.1 Request
 - ◊ 1.1.1 Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.2 URI Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.3 Request Headers
 - ◊ 1.1.4 Request Body
 - ◆ 1.2 Response
 - ◊ 1.2.1 Status Code
 - ◊ 1.2.2 Response Body
 - ◆ 1.3 Example search for a domain product.
 - ◆ 1.4 Example search for a domain product.
 - ◆ 1.5 See also

23.2 Request

GET /accounts/{accountNumber}/domains

23.2.1 Parameters

filterName	The product name or wildcard pattern (optional).
filterDomainName	The product domain name (optional)
filterExpired	true/false (optional)
filterExpiring	true/false (optional)
filterDays	number of days (optional) to be used in conjunction with expiring or expired. The default value is 45 days, i.e. a domain is considered "expiring" if it expires in 45 days or less.
filterExpiresBefore	yyyy-mm-dd (optional)
filterExpiresAfter	yyyy-mm-dd (optional)
filterStatus	The product status (optional)
filterServiceSpecificationTextKey	Filter by serviceSpecificationTextKey. The filter accepts wildcard search (optional)
page	page number (optional)
pageSize	number of items per page (optional)

23.2.2 URI Parameters

accountNumber	client account number
---------------	-----------------------

23.2.3 Request Headers

None.

23.2.4 Request Body

None.

23.3 Response

23.3.1 Status Code

200 OK	Returns list of domains.
--------	--------------------------

23.3.2 Response Body

List of list of domains and pages count.

23.4 Example search for a domain product.

Request

```
GET /accounts/acct839326/domains?page=1&pageSize=10&filterName=ng-test*&filterExpired=false&filterExpiring=false&filterExpiresAfter=2014-04-1
```

Response

```
200 OK
Content-Type: application/json; charset=UTF-8

{
  "total_count": 1,
  "list": [
    {
      "status": "open",
      "createDate": "2013-02-02",
      "billingCycle": 12,
      "name": "ng-test-fitnessse-20130202-0605.com",
      "domainName": "ng-test-fitnessse-20130202-0605.com",
      "expirationDate": "2018-02-02",
      "serviceSpecification": "http://{host:port}/accounts/acct839326/serviceSpecifications/core.dnr.com",
      "service": "http://{host:port}/accounts/acct839326/products/acct839326-000001asfasgag2abeb7007f00000001000/services/acct839326-000001
      "serviceSpecificationTextKey": "core.dnr.com"
    }
  ],
  "links": [
    {
      "href": "http://{host:port}/accounts/acct839326/domains?page=1&pageSize=10&filterName=ng-test*&filterExpired=false&filterExpiring=false&filterExpiresAfter=2014-04-1",
      "rel": "self"
    }
  ]
}
```

23.5 Example search for a domain product.

Request

```
GET /accounts/acct839326/domains?filterDomainName=ng-test-fitnessse-20130202-0605.com
```

Response

```
200 OK
Content-Type: application/json; charset=UTF-8

{
  "total_count": 1,
  "list": [
    {
      "status": "open",
      "createDate": "2013-02-02",
      "billingCycle": 12,
      "name": "ng-test-fitnessse-20130202-0605.com",
      "domainName": "ng-test-fitnessse-20130202-0605.com",
      "expirationDate": "2018-02-02",
      "serviceSpecification": "http://{host:port}/accounts/acct839326/serviceSpecifications/core.dnr.com",
      "service": "http://{host:port}/accounts/acct839326/products/acct839326-000001asfasgag2abeb7007f00000001000/services/acct839326-000001
      "serviceSpecificationTextKey": "core.dnr.com"
    }
  ],
  "links": [
    {
      "href": "http://{host:port}/accounts/acct839326/domains?filterDomainName=ng-test-fitnessse-20130202-0605.com",
      "rel": "self"
    }
  ]
}
```

23.6 See also

- [Common Features](#)

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24 Domains-domainName-details:GET

25 GET /domains/{domainName}/details

Returns full details about a domain name such as registrant contact (whois) info, its creation, update and expiration dates, name servers, lock and hold status as well as product URLs.

25.1 Contents

- 1 GET /domains/{domainName}/details
 - ◆ 1.1 Request
 - ◊ 1.1.1 Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.2 URI Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.3 Request Headers
 - ◆ 1.2 Response
 - ◊ 1.2.1 Status Code
 - ◊ 1.2.2 Response Body
 - 1.2.2.1 Parameters
 - ◆ 1.3 Examples
 - ◊ 1.3.1 Details for a domain name that is locked
 - ◊ 1.3.2 Details for a domain name that is newly registered and has no name servers
 - ◆ 1.4 See also

25.2 Request

GET /domains/{domainName}/details

25.2.1 Parameters

domainName - string

The domain name. IE: **example.com** is a valid domain name, whereas **http://www.example.com** or **www.example.com** are not. If the domain name is invalid, or is otherwise not registerable such as for a non-existent or non-supported TLD, an error will be returned. Domain names are case insensitive. The domain name must be an open or suspended product under the authenticated franchise.

25.2.2 URI Parameters

None.

25.2.3 Request Headers

None.

25.3 Response

25.3.1 Status Code

200 OK

Domain info successfully retrieved.

202 Accepted

Domain info successfully retrieved, however an action is still pending and the registration or transfer remains incomplete. Domain cannot be updated.

412 Precondition Failed

Domain is not registered in this account and cannot be accessed.

404 Not Found

No domain records found for the given domain name.

400 Bad Request

The domain name is not valid.

25.3.2 Response Body

```
{  
  "domainName": "domainpeople.com",  
  "authInfo": "0F59fcc1c8bad1:",  
  "createDate": "2010-03-20T03:23:20-08:00",  
  "updateDate": "2013-02-15T05:15:33-08:00",  
  "expireDate": "2013-03-20T03:23:20-08:00",  
  "nameservers": [  
    "a.dns.hostway.net",  
    "b.dns.hostway.net"  
,  
  "registrarLock": "true",  
  "registrarHold": "false",  
  "registryLock": "false",  
  "registryHold": "false",  
  "udrp": "false",  
  "immutable": "false",  
  "contactInfo": {  
    "registrant": {  
      "type": "registrant",  
      "company": "DomainPeople, Inc.",  
      "lastName": "Domain",  
      "firstName": "Admin",  
      "city": "Vancouver",  
      "countryCode": "CA",  
      "street1": "Suite 200",  
      "street2": "550 Burrard Street",  
      "zipOrPostal": "V6C 2B5",  
      "stateOrProvince": "BC",  
      "phone1": "+1.6046888946",  
    }  
  }  
}
```

```
        "email11": "support@domainpeople.com"
    },
    "administrative": {
        "type": "administrative",
        "company": "DomainPeople, Inc.",
        "lastName": "Domain",
        "firstName": "Admin",
        "city": "Vancouver",
        "countryCode": "CA",
        "street1": "Suite 200",
        "street2": "550 Burrard Street",
        "zipOrPostal": "V6C 2B5",
        "stateOrProvince": "BC",
        "phone1": "+1.6046888946",
        "email1": "support@domainpeople.com"
    },
    "billing": {
        "type": "billing",
        "company": "DomainPeople, Inc.",
        "lastName": "Domain",
        "firstName": "Admin",
        "city": "Vancouver",
        "countryCode": "CA",
        "street1": "Suite 200",
        "street2": "550 Burrard Street",
        "zipOrPostal": "V6C 2B5",
        "stateOrProvince": "BC",
        "phone1": "+1.6046888946",
        "email1": "support@domainpeople.com"
    },
    "technical": {
        "type": "technical",
        "company": "DomainPeople, Inc.",
        "lastName": "Domain",
        "firstName": "Admin",
        "city": "Vancouver",
        "countryCode": "CA",
        "street1": "Suite 200",
        "street2": "550 Burrard Street",
        "zipOrPostal": "V6C 2B5",
        "stateOrProvince": "BC",
        "phone2": "",
        "phone1": "+1.6046888946",
        "email1": "support@domainpeople.com"
    }
}
```

25.3.2.1 Parameters

`domainName - string`

The domain name in lowercase.

authInfo - *string*

the authInfo for the domain. This is the password that is used to transfer the domain from one registrar to another. authInfo is a 6-16 character string that may contain characters a-zA-Z0-9`~-_=!@#\$%^&*(){}\\,. For example:

- aD3gjp@bQI-7

`createDate - datetime`

Creation date of the domain at the registry.

Datetime formats follow the standard 'yyyy-mm-ddTHH:MM:ss+0:00'

updateDate - *datetime*

Last update date of the domain at the registry.

Datetime formats follow the standard 'yyyy-mm-ddTHH:MM:ss+0:00'

expireDate - *datetime*

The actual expiration date of the domain at the registry. Note that in some cases the expiration date of a domain that is displayed in the 'whois' record may indicate the date following a registry autorenewal. This whois expiration date may be inaccurate. The actual expiration date must be extended with an explicit renewal or the domain may be deleted. Do not rely on the whois expiration date.
Datetime formats follow the standard 'yyyy-mm-ddTHH:MM:ss+0:00'

nameservers - *list*

An array of 0 to 13 unique nameservers that are assigned to the domain in listed order of assignment.

registrarLock - boolean

Indicates if the domain is locked at the registry. The registrarLock corresponds to a whois status of 'clientTransferProhibited'. If a domain is locked, it cannot be transferred to another registrar.
A domain may be renewed in this state

`registrarHold - boolean`

Indicates if the domain is on hold at the registry. If a domain is on hold then it will not resolve as the name servers are withheld from the registry DNS zone files. A hold status corresponds to a 'clientHold' whois status. A domain may be placed on hold if it has expired, or the customer has explicitly requested the product to be closed, or by court order.

`registryLock - boolean`

Indicates if the domain is locked at the registry. A registryLock status corresponds to 'registryTransferProhibited' whois status. A domain that is locked by the registry cannot be transferred to another registrar. A registryLock cannot be removed automatically. A domain may be on registryLock if that has been requested by the client for security reasons, or by court order to the registry.

`registryHold - boolean`

A rarely occurring state where the registry has placed the domain on hold by court order. The domain will not resolve while in this status. The court proceedings will determine the outcome of the domain.
A domain **cannot be renewed** in this state

udrp - *boolean*
If a domain has UDRP status set it cannot be unlocked, or modified in any way. A domain may be placed in this state in the case of a Uniform Dispute Resolution Proceeding (UDRP) filing.
A domain may be renewed in this state

immutable - *boolean*
A domain is immutable when it cannot be unlocked, or modified in any way. A domain may be placed in this state by client request for security purposes, or by court order in the case of a Uniform Dispute Resolution Proceeding (UDRP) filing.
A domain may be renewed in this state

contactInfo - *set*
an set of contact objects with a name and a **type** of 'registrant', 'administrative', 'billing', or 'technical'

- **company** - *string*
Contact's company name (optional). In no company name is supplied, the contact is considered to be an individual.
- **firstName** - *string*
Contact's first name.
- **lastName** - *string*
Contact's last name.
- **street1** - *string*
Contact's street address.
- **street2** - *string*
Contact's street address second line (optional).
- **city** - *string*
Contact's city.
- **stateOrProvince** - *string*
Contact's state or province string or two character code for US and CA.
- **zipOrPostal** - *string*
Contact's postal or ZIP code.
- **countryCode** - *string*
Contact's 2 character country code per ISO 3166-1 alpha-2[1].
- **phone1** - *string*
Contact's phone number in ITU-T E.164[2] format.
- **fax** - *string*
Contact's fax number in ITU-T E.164[3] format (optional).
- **email1** - *string*
Contact's primary e-mail address.

links - *list*
[Hypermedia](#) for this resource.

25.4 Examples

25.4.1 Details for a domain name that is locked

Request

```
GET /domains/example.org/details
```

Response

```
{
  "domainName": "example.org",
  "authInfo": "0F59fcc1c8badaf:",
  "createDate": "1993-03-20T03:23:20-08:00",
  "updateDate": "2013-02-15T05:15:33-08:00",
  "expireDate": "2023-03-20T03:23:20-08:00",
  "nameservers": [
    "a.dns.hostway.net",
    "b.dns.hostway.net"
  ],
  "registrarLock": "true",
  "registrarHold": "false",
  "registryLock": "false",
  "registryHold": "false",
  "udrp": "false",
  "immutable": "false",
  "contactInfo": {
    "registrant": {
      "type": "registrant",
      "company": "DomainPeople, Inc.",
      "lastName": "Domain",
      "firstName": "Admin",
      "city": "Vancouver",
      "countryCode": "CA",
      "street1": "Suite 200",
      "street2": "550 Burrard Street",
      "zipOrPostal": "V6C 2B5",
      "stateOrProvince": "BC",
      "phone1": "+1.6046888946",
      "email1": "support@domainpeople.com"
    },
    "administrative": {
      "type": "administrative",
      "company": "DomainPeople, Inc.",
      "lastName": "Domain",
      "firstName": "Admin",
      "city": "Vancouver",
      "countryCode": "CA",
      "street1": "Suite 200",
      "street2": "550 Burrard Street",
      "zipOrPostal": "V6C 2B5",
      "stateOrProvince": "BC",
      "phone1": "+1.6046888946",
      "email1": "support@domainpeople.com"
    }
  }
}
```

```

    "type": "administrative",
    "company": "DomainPeople, Inc.",
    "lastName": "Domain",
    "firstName": "Admin",
    "city": "Vancouver",
    "countryCode": "CA",
    "street1": "Suite 200",
    "street2": "550 Burrard Street",
    "zipOrPostal": "V6C 2B5",
    "stateOrProvince": "BC",
    "phone1": "+1.6046888946",
    "email1": "support@domainpeople.com"
  },
  "billing": {
    "type": "billing",
    "company": "DomainPeople, Inc.",
    "lastName": "Domain",
    "firstName": "Admin",
    "city": "Vancouver",
    "countryCode": "CA",
    "street1": "Suite 200",
    "street2": "550 Burrard Street",
    "zipOrPostal": "V6C 2B5",
    "stateOrProvince": "BC",
    "phone1": "+1.6046888946",
    "email1": "support@domainpeople.com"
  },
  "technical": {
    "type": "technical",
    "company": "DomainPeople, Inc.",
    "lastName": "Domain",
    "firstName": "Admin",
    "city": "Vancouver",
    "countryCode": "CA",
    "street1": "Suite 200",
    "street2": "550 Burrard Street",
    "zipOrPostal": "V6C 2B5",
    "stateOrProvince": "BC",
    "phone2": "",
    "phone1": "+1.6046888946",
    "email1": "support@domainpeople.com"
  }
}
}
}

```

25.4.2 Details for a domain name that is newly registered and has no name servers

Request

GET /domains/example.com/details

Response

```
{
  "domainName": "example.com",
  "authInfo": "0F59FCC1C8BADAA1",
  "createDate": "2013-03-20T23:39:20-08:00",
  "updateDate": "2013-03-21T05:33:08-00:00",
  "expireDate": "2014-03-20T23:39:20-08:00",
  "nameservers": [],
  "registrarLock": "false",
  "registrarHold": "false",
  "registryLock": "false",
  "registryHold": "false",
  "udrp": "false",
  "immutable": "false",
  "contactInfo": {
    "registrant": {
      "type": "registrant",
      "company": "DomainPeople, Inc.",
      "lastName": "Domain",
      "firstName": "Admin",
      "city": "Vancouver",
      "countryCode": "CA",
      "street1": "Suite 200",
      "street2": "550 Burrard Street",
      "zipOrPostal": "V6C 2B5",
      "stateOrProvince": "BC",
      "phone1": "+1.6046888946",
      "email1": "support@domainpeople.com"
    },
    "administrative": {
      "type": "administrative",
      "company": "DomainPeople, Inc.",
      "lastName": "Domain",
      "firstName": "Admin",
      "city": "Vancouver",
      "countryCode": "CA",
      "street1": "Suite 200",
      "street2": "550 Burrard Street",
      "zipOrPostal": "V6C 2B5",
      "stateOrProvince": "BC",
      "phone1": "+1.6046888946",
      "email1": "support@domainpeople.com"
    },
    "billing": {
      "type": "billing",
      "company": "DomainPeople, Inc.",
      "lastName": "Domain",
      "firstName": "Admin",
      "city": "Vancouver",
      "countryCode": "CA",
      "street1": "Suite 200",
      "street2": "550 Burrard Street",
      "zipOrPostal": "V6C 2B5",
      "stateOrProvince": "BC",
      "phone1": "+1.6046888946",
      "email1": "support@domainpeople.com"
    }
  }
}
```

```
"street2":"550 Burrard Street",
"zipOrPostal":"V6C 2B5",
"stateOrProvince":"BC",
"phone1":"+1.6046888946",
"email1":"support@domainpeople.com"
},
"technical": {
  "type":"technical",
  "company":"DomainPeople, Inc.",
  "lastName":"Domain",
  "firstName":"Admin",
  "city":"Vancouver",
  "countryCode":"CA",
  "street1":"Suite 200",
  "street2":"550 Burrard Street",
  "zipOrPostal":"V6C 2B5",
  "stateOrProvince":"BC",
  "phone2":"",
  "phone1":"+1.6046888946",
  "email1":"support@domainpeople.com"
}
}
}
```

25.5 See also

- [Domain Name Registration API](#)
- [Common Features](#)

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26 Domains-domainName-lock:GET

27 GET /domains/{domainName}/lock

Get the current lock status of a domain. This corresponds to a status of 'clientTransferProhibited' at the registry. A domain name with this status cannot be transferred to another registrar but may be renewed and it may be modified; such as changes to the name servers or contact info.

27.1 Contents

- 1 GET /domains/{domainName}/lock
 - ◆ 1.1 Request
 - ◊ 1.1.1 Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.2 URI
 - Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.3 Request Headers
 - ◊ 1.1.4 Request Body
 - ◆ 1.2 Response
 - ◊ 1.2.1 Status Code
 - ◊ 1.2.2 Response Body
 - ◆ 1.3 Example of getting the domain lock status.
 - ◆ 1.4 See also

27.2 Request

```
GET /domains/{domainName}/lock
```

27.2.1 Parameters

domainName - string

The domain name. IE: **example.com** is a valid domain name, whereas **http://www.example.com** or **www.example.com** are not. If the domain name is invalid, or is otherwise not registerable such as for a non-existent or non-supported TLD, an error will be returned. Domain names are case insensitive. The domain name must be an open or suspended product under the authenticated franchise.

27.2.2 URI Parameters

None.

27.2.3 Request Headers

None.

27.2.4 Request Body

None.

27.3 Response

27.3.1 Status Code

200 OK

Returns the domain lock status.

400 Bad Request

The domain name is not valid.

403 Forbidden

Domain is not registered in this account and cannot be accessed.

404 Not Found

No domain records found for the given domain name.

27.3.2 Response Body

true

Means that domain lock status is set, domain is locked.

false

Means that domain lock status is not set, domain is unlocked.

27.4 Example of getting the domain lock status.

Request

```
GET /domains/example.com/lock
```

Response

```
200 OK
Content-Type: application/json; charset=UTF-8
```

```
true
```

27.5 See also

- [Domain Name Registration API](#)
- [Common Features](#)

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28 Domains-domainName-lock:PUT

29 PUT /domains/{domainName}/lock

Put a domain name on lock status. This corresponds to a status of 'clientTransferProhibited' at the registry. A domain name with this status cannot be transferred to another registrar but may be renewed and it may be modified; such as changes to the name servers or contact info.

29.1 Contents

- 1 PUT
/domains/{domainName}/lock
 - ◆ 1.1 Request
 - ◊ 1.1.1 Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.2 URI
 - ◊ 1.1.3 Request Headers
 - ◊ 1.1.4 Request Body
 - ◆ 1.2 Response
 - ◊ 1.2.1 Status Code
 - ◊ 1.2.2 Response Body
 - ◆ 1.3 Example
 - lock domain.
 - ◆ 1.4 See also

29.2 Request

PUT /domains/ {domainName}/lock

29.2.1 Parameters

domainName - string

The valid domain name to retrieve including only the labels that are appropriate for a valid domain name. IE: **example.com** is a valid domain name , whereas <http://www.example.com> or www.example.com are not. If the domain name is invalid, or is otherwise not registerable such as for a non-existent or non-supported TLD, an error will be returned. Domain names are case insensitive. The domain name must be an open or suspended product under the authenticated franchise.

29.2.2 URI Parameters

None.

29.2.3 Request Headers

None.

29.2.4 Request Body

true

Set the body to 'true' in order to add the lock.

false

Set the body to false in order to have the lock removed.

29.3 Response

29.3.1 Status Code

204 OK (No Content)

Domain lock status applied successfully.

400 Bad Request

The domain name is not valid.

403 Forbidden

Domain is not registered in this account and cannot be accessed.

404 Not Found

No domain records found for the given domain name.

29.3.2 Response Body

None

29.4 Example lock domain.

Request

```
PUT /domains/example.com/lock  
true
```

Response

```
204 No Content
```

29.5 See also

- [Domain Name Registration API](#)
- [Common Features](#)

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30 Domains-domainName-lock:DELETE

31 DELETE /domains/{domainName}/lock

Delete a domain name lock status. This corresponds to a status of 'clientTransferProhibited' at the registry. Deleting a lock status removes the clientTransferProhibited status from a domain. This means the domain name may be transferred to another registrar, providing no other status is assigned to the domain that prevents a transfer such as serverTransferProhibited, pendingTransfer, redemptionPeriod, or pendingDelete.

31.1 Contents

- 1 DELETE
/domains/{domainName}/lock
 - ◆ 1.1 Request
 - ◊ 1.1.1 Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.2 URI Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.3 Request Headers
 - ◊ 1.1.4 Request Body
 - ◆ 1.2 Response
 - ◊ 1.2.1 Status Code
 - ◊ 1.2.2 Response Body
 - ◆ 1.3 Example unlock domain.
 - ◆ 1.4 See also

31.2 Request

DELETE /domains/{domainName}/lock

31.2.1 Parameters

domainName - string

The valid domain name to unlock including only the labels that are appropriate for a valid domain name. IE: **example.com** is a valid domain name , whereas <http://www.example.com> or www.example.com are not. If the domain name is invalid, or is otherwise not registered, an error will be returned. Domain names are case insensitive. The domain name must be an open or suspended product under the authenticated franchise.

31.2.2 URI Parameters

None.

31.2.3 Request Headers

None.

31.2.4 Request Body

None

31.3 Response

31.3.1 Status Code

204 OK (No Content)
Domain lock status applied successfully.

400 Bad Request
The domain name is not valid.

403 Forbidden
Domain is not registered in this account and cannot be accessed.

404 Not Found
No domain records found for the given domain name.

31.3.2 Response Body

None

31.4 Example unlock domain.

Request

DELETE /domains/example.com/lock

Response

31.5 See also

- [Domain Name Registration API](#)
- [Common Features](#)

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32 Domains-domainName-hold:GET

33 GET /domains/{domainName}/hold

Get the current hold status of a domain. This corresponds to a status of 'clientHold' at the registry. A domain name with this status is removed from the registry zone files and will cease resolving but may be transferred to another registrar, may be renewed and it may be modified; such as changes to the name servers or contact info.

33.1 Contents

- 1 GET /domains/{domainName}/hold
 - ◆ 1.1 Request
 - ◊ 1.1.1 Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.2 URI Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.3 Request Headers
 - ◊ 1.1.4 Request Body
 - ◆ 1.2 Response
 - ◊ 1.2.1 Status Code
 - ◊ 1.2.2 Response Body
 - ◆ 1.3 Example of getting the domain hold status.
 - ◆ 1.4 See also

33.2 Request

GET /domains/{domainName}/hold

33.2.1 Parameters

domainName - string

The valid domain name. IE: **example.com** is a valid domain name , whereas **http://www.example.com** or **www.example.com** are not. If the domain name is invalid, or is otherwise not registerable such as for a non-existent or non-supported TLD, an error will be returned. Domain names are case insensitive. The domain name must be an open or suspended product under the authenticated franchise.

33.2.2 URI Parameters

None.

33.2.3 Request Headers

None.

33.2.4 Request Body

None.

33.3 Response

33.3.1 Status Code

200 OK

Returns the domain hold status.

400 Bad Request

The domain name is not valid.

403 Forbidden

Domain is not registered in this account and cannot be accessed.

404 Not Found

No domain records found for the given domain name.

33.3.2 Response Body

true

Means that domain hold status is set, domain is on-hold.

false

Means that domain hold status is not set, domain is not on-hold.

33.4 Example of getting the domain hold status.

Request

GET /domains/example.com/hold

Response

200 OK
Content-Type: application/json; charset=UTF-8

true

33.5 See also

- Domain Name Registration API
- Common Features

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34 Domains-domainName-hold:PUT

35 PUT /domains/{domainName}/hold

Put a domain name on hold status. This corresponds to a status of 'clientHold' at the registry. A domain name with this status is removed from the registry zone files and will cease resolving but may be transferred to another registrar, may be renewed and it may be modified; such as changes to the name servers or contact info.

35.1 Contents

- 1 PUT
/domains/{domainName}/hold
 - ◆ 1.1 Request
 - ◊ 1.1.1 Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.2 URI Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.3 Request Headers
 - ◊ 1.1.4 Request Body
 - ◆ 1.2 Response
 - ◊ 1.2.1 Status Code
 - ◊ 1.2.2 Response Body
 - ◆ 1.3 Example remove hold on a domain.
 - ◆ 1.4 See also

35.2 Request

PUT /domains/ {domainName}/hold

35.2.1 Parameters

domainName - string

The valid domain name to put on hold including only the labels that are appropriate for a valid domain name. IE: **example.com** is a valid domain name , whereas <http://www.example.com> or **www.example.com** are not. If the domain name is invalid, or is otherwise not registered, an error will be returned. Domain names are case insensitive. The domain name must be an open or suspended product under the authenticated franchise.

35.2.2 URI Parameters

None.

35.2.3 Request Headers

None.

35.2.4 Request Body

true

Set the body to 'true' in order to add the hold.

false

Set the body to 'false' in order to have the hold removed.

35.3 Response

35.3.1 Status Code

204 OK (No Content)

Domain hold status applied successfully.

400 Bad Request

The domain name is not valid.

403 Forbidden

Domain is not registered in this account and cannot be accessed.

404 Not Found

No domain records found for the given domain name.

35.3.2 Response Body

None

35.4 Example remove hold on a domain.

Request

```
PUT /domains/example.com/hold  
false
```

Response

204 No Content

35.5 See also

- [Domain Name Registration API](#)
- [Common Features](#)

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36 Domains-domainName-hold:DELETE

37 DELETE /domains/{domainName}/hold

Delete a domain name hold status. This corresponds to a status of 'clientHold' at the registry. Deleting a hold status removes the clientHold status from a domain. This means the DNS records for the domain will be re-published in the registry name servers and the domain should start resolving. Removal of a hold status may fail if there is another status that prevents the operation such as 'pendingTransfer', 'clientUpdateProhibited' or 'serverUpdateProhibited'.

37.1 Contents

- 1 [DELETE /domains/{domainName}/hold](#)
 - ◆ 1.1 Request
 - ◊ 1.1.1 Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.2 URI Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.3 Request Headers
 - ◊ 1.1.4 Request Body
 - ◆ 1.2 Response
 - ◊ 1.2.1 Status Code
 - ◊ 1.2.2 Response Body
 - ◆ 1.3 Example remove a hold from a domain.
 - ◆ 1.4 See also

37.2 Request

`DELETE /domains/{domainName}/hold`

37.2.1 Parameters

domainName - string

The valid domain name to unhold including only the labels that are appropriate for a valid domain name. IE: **example.com** is a valid domain name , whereas <http://www.example.com> or **www.example.com** are not. If the domain name is invalid, or is otherwise not registered, an error will be returned. Domain names are case insensitive. The domain name must be an open or suspended product under the authenticated franchise.

37.2.2 URI Parameters

None.

37.2.3 Request Headers

None.

37.2.4 Request Body

None

37.3 Response

37.3.1 Status Code

204 OK (No Content)
Domain lock hold successfully removed.

400 Bad Request
The domain name is not valid.

403 Forbidden
Domain is not registered in this account and cannot be accessed.

404 Not Found
No domain records found for the given domain name.

37.3.2 Response Body

None

37.4 Example remove a hold from a domain.

Request

`DELETE /domains/example.com/hold`

Response

204 No Content

37.5 See also

- Domain Name Registration API
- Common Features

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38 Domains-domainName-nameservers:GET

39 GET /domains/{domainName}/nameservers

Get the current name servers used to serve the Domain Name System (DNS) records for the domain. Name servers are a set of 0 to 13 distinct hostnames that may be assigned to a domain. Once the name servers are modified using this command, the changes are sent immediately to the registry. However these changes may take several hours to propagate depending on the individual zone files and possible registry zone file publication delays.

39.1 Contents

- 1 GET
/domains/{domainName}/nameservers
 - ◆ 1.1 Request
 - ◊ 1.1.1 URI
 - Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.2 Request
 - Headers
 - ◊ 1.1.3 Request
 - Body
 - ◆ 1.2 Response
 - ◊ 1.2.1 Status Code
 - ◊ 1.2.2 Response
 - Body
 - ◆ 1.3 Example getting
 - nameservers on a domain.
 - ◆ 1.4 See also

39.2 Request

```
PUT /domains/{domainName}/nameservers
```

39.2.1 URI Parameters

domainName - string

The domain name. IE: **example.com** is a valid domain name, whereas **http://www.example.com** or **www.example.com** are not. If the domain name is invalid, or is otherwise not registerable such as for a non-existent or non-supported TLD, an error will be returned. Domain names are case insensitive. The domain name must be an open or suspended product under the authenticated franchise.

39.2.2 Request Headers

None.

39.2.3 Request Body

None

39.3 Response

39.3.1 Status Code

200 OK

Domain nameservers successfully updated

400 Bad Request

The domain name, or one of the given hostnames is not valid or is not a registered name server at the registry.
The request was not completed even if one or more of the name servers is considered valid.

403 Forbidden

Domain is not registered in this account and cannot be accessed.

404 Not Found

No domain records found for the given domain name.

39.3.2 Response Body

Name server array

An array (list) of name server host names. Name servers are assigned in the order listed.
Example: ["a.dns.hostway.net", "b.dns.hostway.net"]

39.4 Example getting nameservers on a domain.

Request

```
GET /domains/example.com/nameservers
```

Response

```
200 OK
Content-Type: application/json; charset=UTF-8
["ns0.example.com", "ns1.example.com"]
```

39.5 See also

- Domain Name Registration API
- Common Features

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40 Domains-domainName-nameservers:PUT

41 PUT /domains/{domainName}/nameservers

Set (overwrite) the name servers used to serve the Domain Name System (DNS) records for the domain. Name servers are a set of 0 to 13 distinct hostnames that may be assigned to a domain. Once the name servers are modified using this command, the changes are sent immediately to the registry. However these changes may take several hours to propagate depending on the individual zone files and possible registry zone file publication delays.

41.1 Contents

- 1 PUT /domains/{domainName}/nameservers
 - ◆ 1.1 Request
 - ◊ 1.1.1 URI Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.2 Request Headers
 - ◊ 1.1.3 Request Body
 - ◆ 1.2 Response
 - ◊ 1.2.1 Status Code
 - ◊ 1.2.2 Response Body
 - ◆ 1.3 Example updating nameservers on a domain.
 - ◆ 1.4 Example updating nameservers using one or more name server that is not registered.
 - ◆ 1.5 See also

41.2 Request

```
PUT /domains/{domainName}/nameservers
```

41.2.1 URI Parameters

domainName - string

The domain name. IE: **example.com** is a valid domain name, whereas **http://www.example.com** or **www.example.com** are not. If the domain name is invalid, or is otherwise not registerable such as for a non-existent or non-supported TLD, an error will be returned. Domain names are case insensitive. The domain name must be an open or suspended product under the authenticated franchise.

41.2.2 Request Headers

None.

41.2.3 Request Body

Name server array

An array (list) of name server host names. Name servers are assigned in the order listed.
Example: ["a.dns.hostway.net", "b.dns.hostway.net"]

41.3 Response

41.3.1 Status Code

204 OK (No Content)

Domain nameservers successfully updated

400 Bad Request

The domain name, or one of the given hostnames is not valid or is not a registered name server at the registry.
The request was not completed even if one or more of the name servers is considered valid.

403 Forbidden

Domain is not registered in this account and cannot be accessed.

404 Not Found

No domain records found for the given domain name.

41.3.2 Response Body

None

41.4 Example updating nameservers on a domain.

Request

```
PUT /domains/example.com/nameservers
```

```
[ "ns0.example.com", "ns1.example.com", "ns2.example.com", "ns3.example.com", "ns4.example.com", "ns5.example.com", "ns6.example.com" ]
```

Response

204 No Content

41.5 Example updating nameservers using one or more name server that is not registered.

Request

```
PUT /domains/example.com/nameservers
```

```
[ "not-registered.example.com", "ns1.example.com", "ns2.example.com", "ns3.example.com", "ns4.example.com", "ns5.example.com", "ns6.example.com" ]
```

Response

400 Bad Request

"not-registered.example.com" is not a registered name server and cannot be used to update the domain.

41.6 See also

- [Domain Name Registration API](#)
- [Common Features](#)

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42 Domains-domainName-contactType:GET

43 GET /domains/{domainName}/{contactType}

Get domains contact information for the specified contact type (registrant, administrative, billing or technical). Each domain has all four contacts.

43.1 Contents

- 1 GET
/domains/{domainName}/{contactType}
 - ◆ 1.1 Request
 - ◊ 1.1.1 Request Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.2 URI Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.3 Request Headers
 - ◊ 1.1.4 Request Body
 - 1.1.4.1 Request Parameters
 - ◆ 1.2 Response
 - ◊ 1.2.1 Status Code
 - ◊ 1.2.2 Response Body
 - ◊ 1.2.3 Response parameters
 - ◆ 1.3 Example of getting domain contact information.
 - ◆ 1.4 See also

43.2 Request

GET /domains/{domainName}/{contactType}

43.2.1 Request Parameters

None

43.2.2 URI Parameters

domainName - string

The domain name. IE: **example.com** is a valid domain name, whereas **http://www.example.com** or **www.example.com** are not. If the domain name is invalid, or is otherwise not registerable such as for a non-existent or non-supported TLD, an error will be returned. Domain names are case insensitive. The domain name must be an open or suspended product under the authenticated franchise.

contactType - string

The contact type must be one of: registrant, administrative, billing or technical.

43.2.3 Request Headers

Content-Type

Required. Set this header to application/json; charset=UTF-8

Cookie

A cookie named **OwnerId** to identify the client (for most browser clients, the browser will do this automatically, depending on the browser configuration). The value of the cookie would come from the response to the create order request in the **Set-Cookie** response header.

43.2.4 Request Body

None

43.2.4.1 Request Parameters

None

43.3 Response

43.3.1 Status Code

200 OK

The account was successfully set.

204 No Content

The account was successfully set.

400 Bad Request

The request body format is invalid or the language or currency is not supported by the franchise.

409 Conflict

Attempt to set currency that is different from currencies of the products or that of the existing account.

43.3.2 Response Body

Response Body for getting contact information

```
{  
  "company": "{company}",  
  "firstName": "{firstName}",  
  "lastName": "{lastName}",  
  "street1": "{street1}"  
}
```

```

"street2": "{street2}",
"city": "{city}",
"countryCode": "{countryCode}",
"stateOrProvince": "{stateOrProvince}",
"zipOrPostal": "{zipOrPostal}" ,
"email1": "{email1}",
"phone1": "{phone1}"
}

```

43.3.3 Response parameters

company - *string* (optional)
 The company or organization name

firstName - *string*
 The first name of the contact person

lastName - *string*
 The last name of the contact person

street1 - *string*
 The street address

street1 - *string* (optional)
 The second line of the street address (if any)

city - *string*
 The city

countryCode - *string*
 The international 2-letter country code

stateOrProvince - *string*
 The state or province. For US states use the 2-letter state code

zipOrPostal - *string*
 The postal code

email1 - *string*
 The e-mail address of the contact person

phone1 - *string*
 The phone number of the contact person in valid [E.164](#) format, e.g. +1.3209270625

43.4 Example of getting domain contact information.

Request

```
GET /domains/ng-test-fitness-20130202-0605.com/registrant
```

Response

```
200 OK
Content-Type: application/json; charset=UTF-8
```

```
{
  "company": "Green Ltd.",
  "firstName": "Barbara",
  "lastName": "Phillips",
  "street1": "Maple Str. 37",
  "city": "San Jose",
  "countryCode": "US",
  "stateOrProvince": "CA",
  "zipOrPostal": "95191",
  "email1": "barbara.phillips@test.com",
  "phone1": "+1.3209270625"
}
```

43.5 See also

- [Domain Name Registration API](#)
- [Common Features](#)

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44 Domains-domainName-contactType:PUT

45 PUT /domains/{domainName}/{contactType}

Set domains contact information for the specified contact type (registrant, administrative, billing or technical). Each domain has all four contacts.

45.1 Contents

- 1 PUT
/domains/{domainName}/{contactType}
 - ◆ 1.1 Request
 - ◊ 1.1.1 Request Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.2 URI Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.3 Request Headers
 - ◊ 1.1.4 Request Body
 - 1.1.4.1 Request Parameters
 - ◆ 1.2 Response
 - ◊ 1.2.1 Status Code
 - ◊ 1.2.2 Response Body
 - ◆ 1.3 Example of setting domain contact information.
 - ◆ 1.4 See also

45.2 Request

PUT /domains/{domainName}/{contactType}

45.2.1 Request Parameters

None

45.2.2 URI Parameters

domainName - string

The domain name. IE: **example.com** is a valid domain name, whereas **http://www.example.com** or **www.example.com** are not. If the domain name is invalid, or is otherwise not registerable such as for a non-existent or non-supported TLD, an error will be returned. Domain names are case insensitive. The domain name must be an open or suspended product under the authenticated franchise.

contactType - string

The contact type must be one of: registrant, administrative, billing or technical.

45.2.3 Request Headers

Content-Type

Required. Set this header to application/json; charset=UTF-8

Cookie

A cookie named **OwnerId** to identify the client (for most browser clients, the browser will do this automatically, depending on the browser configuration). The value of the cookie would come from the response to the create order request in the **Set-Cookie** response header.

45.2.4 Request Body

Request Body for setting contact information

```
{  
    "company": "{company}",  
    "firstName": "{firstName}",  
    "lastName": "{lastName}",  
    "street1": "{street1}",  
    "street2": "{street2}",  
    "city": "{city}",  
    "countryCode": "{countryCode}",  
    "stateOrProvince": "{stateOrProvince}",  
    "zipOrPostal": "{zipOrPostal}",  
    "email": "{email}",  
    "phone1": "{phone1}"  
}
```

45.2.4.1 Request Parameters

company - string (optional)

The company or organization name

firstName - string

The first name of the contact person

lastName - string

The last name of the contact person

street1 - string

The street address

street2 - string (optional)

The second line of the street address (if any)

city - string

The city

countryCode - string

The international 2-letter country code

stateOrProvince - string

The state or province. For US states use the 2-letter state code

zipOrPostal - *string*
The postal code
email1 - *string*
The e-mail address of the contact person
phone1 - *string*
The phone number of the contact person in valid [E.164](#) format, e.g. +1.3209270625

45.3 Response

45.3.1 Status Code

200 OK
The account was successfully set.

204 No Content
The account was successfully set.

400 Bad Request
The contact information is invalid.

404 Not found
The domain doesn't exist.

45.3.2 Response Body

None.

45.4 Example of setting domain contact information.

Request

```
PUT /domains/ng-test-fitness-20130202-0605.com/registrant
Content-Type: application/json; charset=UTF-8
```

```
{
  "company": "Green Ltd.",
  "firstName": "Barbara",
  "lastName": "Phillips",
  "street1": "Maple Str. 37",
  "city": "San Jose",
  "countryCode": "US",
  "stateOrProvince": "CA",
  "zipOrPostal": "95191",
  "email1": "barbara.phillips@test.com",
  "phone1": "+1.3209270625"
}
```

Response

204 (no body)

45.5 See also

- [Domain Name Registration API](#)
- [Common Features](#)

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46 Domains-domainName-authInfo:GET

47 GET /domains/{domainName}/authInfo

Get the current authorization code (authInfo) of a domain. The authorization code is used to transfer a domain.

47.1 Contents

- 1 GET /domains/{domainName}/authInfo
 - ◆ 1.1 Request
 - ◊ 1.1.1 Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.2 URI Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.3 Request Headers
 - ◊ 1.1.4 Request Body
 - ◆ 1.2 Response
 - ◊ 1.2.1 Status Code
 - ◊ 1.2.2 Response Body
 - ◆ 1.3 Example of getting the domain authorization code.
 - ◆ 1.4 See also

47.2 Request

GET /domains/ {domainName}/authInfo

47.2.1 Parameters

domainName - string

The domain name. IE: **example.com** is a valid domain name, whereas **http://www.example.com** or **www.example.com** are not. If the domain name is invalid, or is otherwise not registerable such as for a non-existent or non-supported TLD, an error will be returned. Domain names are case insensitive. The domain name must be an open or suspended product under the authenticated franchise.

47.2.2 URI Parameters

None.

47.2.3 Request Headers

None.

47.2.4 Request Body

None.

47.3 Response

47.3.1 Status Code

200 OK

Returns the domain authorization code.

400 Bad Request

The domain name is not valid.

403 Forbidden

Domain is not registered in this account and cannot be accessed.

404 Not Found

No domain records found for the given domain name.

47.3.2 Response Body

The authorization code (string)

47.4 Example of getting the domain authorization code.

Request

GET /domains/example.com/authInfo

Response

200 OK
Content-Type: application/json; charset=UTF-8
"6fdcc41f330d7a1-"

47.5 See also

- Domain Name Registration API
- Common Features

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48 Domains-domainName-authInfo:PUT

49 PUT /domains/{domainName}/authInfo

Set the authorization code (auth info) of a domain.

49.1 Contents

- 1 PUT
/domains/{domainName}/authInfo
 - ◆ 1.1 Request
 - ◊ 1.1.1 Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.2 URI Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.3 Request Headers
 - ◊ 1.1.4 Request Body
 - ◆ 1.2 Response
 - ◊ 1.2.1 Status Code
 - ◊ 1.2.2 Response Body
 - ◆ 1.3 Example of setting the domain auth info.
 - ◆ 1.4 See also

49.2 Request

PUT /domains/{domainName}/authInfo

49.2.1 Parameters

None.

49.2.2 URI Parameters

domainName - string

The domain name. IE: **example.com** is a valid domain name, whereas **http://www.example.com** or **www.example.com** are not. If the domain name is invalid, or is otherwise not registerable such as for a non-existent or non-supported TLD, an error will be returned. Domain names are case insensitive. The domain name must be an open or suspended product under the authenticated franchise.

49.2.3 Request Headers

Content-Type: application/json

49.2.4 Request Body

The auth info string. If the body is empty and Content-Length is 0, a new random auth info string will be generated.

49.3 Response

49.3.1 Status Code

200 OK

Returned on success

400 Bad Request

The domain name or auth info string is not valid.

403 Forbidden

Domain is not registered in this account and cannot be accessed.

404 Not Found

No domain records found for the given domain name.

49.3.2 Response Body

The new auth info string.

49.4 Example of setting the domain auth info.

Request

```
Content-Length: 0
PUT /domains/example.com/authInfo
```

Response

```
200 OK
"dfouHzxaV=3ytRem"
```

49.5 See also

- Domain Name Registration API
- Common Features

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50 Domains-domainName-autoRenew:GET

51 GET /domains/{domainName}/autoRenew

Get the current autoRenew status of a domain.

51.1 Contents

- 1 GET /domains/{domainName}/autoRenew
 - ◆ 1.1 Request
 - ◊ 1.1.1 Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.2 URI Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.3 Request Headers
 - ◊ 1.1.4 Request Body
 - ◆ 1.2 Response
 - ◊ 1.2.1 Status Code
 - ◊ 1.2.2 Response Body
 - ◆ 1.3 Example of getting the domain autoRenew status.
 - ◆ 1.4 See also

51.2 Request

GET /domains/ {domainName}/autoRenew

51.2.1 Parameters

None.

51.2.2 URI Parameters

domainName - string

The domain name. IE: **example.com** is a valid domain name, whereas **http://www.example.com** or **www.example.com** are not. If the domain name is invalid, or is otherwise not registerable such as for a non-existent or non-supported TLD, an error will be returned. Domain names are case insensitive. The domain name must be an open or suspended product under the authenticated franchise.

51.2.3 Request Headers

None.

51.2.4 Request Body

None.

51.3 Response

51.3.1 Status Code

200 OK

Returns the domain autoRenew status.

400 Bad Request

The domain name is not valid.

403 Forbidden

Domain is not registered in this account and cannot be accessed.

404 Not Found

No domain records found for the given domain name.

51.3.2 Response Body

true

Means that domain autoRenew status is set, domain is renewed automatically.

false

Means that domain autoRenew status is not set, domain is not renewed automatically.

51.4 Example of getting the domain autoRenew status.

Request

GET /domains/example.com/autoRenew

Response

200 OK

Content-Type: application/json; charset=UTF-8

true

51.5 See also

- Domain Name Registration API
- Common Features

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52 Domains-domainName-autoRenew:PUT

53 PUT /domains/{domainName}/autoRenew

Set the autoRenew status of a domain.

53.1 Contents

- 1 PUT /domains/{domainName}/autoRenew
 - ◆ 1.1 Request
 - ◊ 1.1.1 Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.2 URI Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.3 Request Headers
 - ◊ 1.1.4 Request Body
 - ◆ 1.2 Response
 - ◊ 1.2.1 Status Code
 - ◊ 1.2.2 Response Body
 - ◆ 1.3 Example of setting the domain autoRenew status.
 - ◆ 1.4 See also

53.2 Request

PUT /domains/ {domainName}/autoRenew

53.2.1 Parameters

None.

53.2.2 URI Parameters

domainName - string

The domain name. IE: **example.com** is a valid domain name, whereas **http://www.example.com** or **www.example.com** are not. If the domain name is invalid, or is otherwise not registerable such as for a non-existent or non-supported TLD, an error will be returned. Domain names are case insensitive. The domain name must be an open or suspended product under the authenticated franchise.

53.2.3 Request Headers

None.

53.2.4 Request Body

The autoRenew status value (true or false)

53.3 Response

53.3.1 Status Code

204 No content

Returned on success

400 Bad Request

The domain name is not valid.

403 Forbidden

Domain is not registered in this account and cannot be accessed.

404 Not Found

No domain records found for the given domain name.

53.3.2 Response Body

None.

53.4 Example of setting the domain autoRenew status.

Request

```
PUT /domains/example.com/autoRenew  
true
```

Response

```
204 No content
```

53.5 See also

- Domain Name Registration API
- Common Features

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54 Domains-domainName-autoRenew:OPTIONS

55 OPTIONS /domains/{domainName}/autoRenew

Check whether the autoRenew status of a domain can be set.

55.1 Contents

- 1 OPTIONS
/domains/{domainName}/autoRenew
 - ◆ 1.1 Request
 - ◊ 1.1.1 Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.2 URI Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.3 Request Headers
 - ◊ 1.1.4 Request Body
 - ◆ 1.2 Response
 - ◊ 1.2.1 Status Code
 - ◊ 1.2.2 Response Body
 - ◆ 1.3 Example of setting the domain autoRenew status.
 - ◆ 1.4 See also

55.2 Request

```
OPTIONS /domains/{domainName}/autoRenew
```

55.2.1 Parameters

None.

55.2.2 URI Parameters

domainName - string

The domain name. IE: **example.com** is a valid domain name, whereas **http://www.example.com** or **www.example.com** are not. If the domain name is invalid, or is otherwise not registerable such as for a non-existent or non-supported TLD, an error will be returned. Domain names are case insensitive. The domain name must be an open or suspended product under the authenticated franchise.

55.2.3 Request Headers

None.

55.2.4 Request Body

None

55.3 Response

55.3.1 Status Code

204 No content

Returned on success

400 Bad Request

Payment type is not credit card, domain is within 24 hours of expiration or has expired.

55.3.2 Response Body

None.

55.4 Example of setting the domain autoRenew status.

Request

```
OPTIONS /domains/example.com/autoRenew
```

Response

204 No content

55.5 See also

- Domain Name Registration API
- Common Features

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56 Domains-domainName-hosts:GET

57 GET /domains/{domainName}/hosts

Get the current hosts in a domain.

57.1 Contents

- 1 GET /domains/{domainName}/hosts
 - ◆ 1.1 Request
 - ◊ 1.1.1 Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.2 URI Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.3 Request Headers
 - ◊ 1.1.4 Request Body
 - ◆ 1.2 Response
 - ◊ 1.2.1 Status Code
 - ◊ 1.2.2 Response Body
 - ◆ 1.3 Example of getting the domain authorization code.
 - ◆ 1.4 See also

57.2 Request

GET /domains/ {domainName}/hosts

57.2.1 Parameters

None.

57.2.2 URI Parameters

domainName - string

The domain name. IE: **example.com** is a valid domain name, whereas **http://www.example.com** or **www.example.com** are not. If the domain name is invalid, or is otherwise not registerable such as for a non-existent or non-supported TLD, an error will be returned. Domain names are case insensitive. The domain name must be an open or suspended product under the authenticated franchise.

57.2.3 Request Headers

None.

57.2.4 Request Body

None.

57.3 Response

57.3.1 Status Code

200 OK

Returns the hosts

404 Not Found

No domain records found for the given domain name.

500 Internal Server Error

An error has occurred with the registry.

57.3.2 Response Body

The hosts in a domain.

57.4 Example of getting the domain authorization code.

Request

GET /domains/example.com/hosts

Response

200 OK
Content-Type: application/json; charset=UTF-8

```
{"hosts": [{"name": "ns1.ng-test-fitness-20130202-0605.com",  
"address": "133.45.67.1"}, {"name": "ns2.ng-test-fitness-20130202-0605.com",  
"address": "133.45.67.2"}]}
```

57.5 See also

- Domain Name Registration API
- Common Features

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58 Domains-domainName-hosts:PUT

59 PUT /domains/{domainName}/hosts

Replaces the hosts list of a domain. Host names must be valid names for the domain, e.g. ns1.example.com is valid host for the domain example.com. Creating hosts will add the proper addresses to the root DNS servers of the registry,

59.1 Contents

- 1 PUT
/domains/{domainName}/hosts
 - ◆ 1.1 Request
 - ◊ 1.1.1 Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.2 URI
 - ◊ 1.1.3 Headers
 - ◊ 1.1.4 Request Body
 - 1.1.4.1 Parameters
 - ◆ 1.2 Response
 - ◊ 1.2.1 Status Code
 - ◊ 1.2.2 Response Body
 - ◆ 1.3 Example of replacing the hosts
 - ◆ 1.4 See also

59.2 Request

PUT /domains/{domainName}/hosts

59.2.1 Parameters

None.

59.2.2 URI Parameters

domainName - string

The domain name. IE: **example.com** is a valid domain name, whereas **http://www.example.com** or **www.example.com** are not. If the domain name is invalid, or is otherwise not registerable such as for a non-existent or non-supported TLD, an error will be returned. Domain names are case insensitive. The domain name must be an open or suspended product under the authenticated franchise.

59.2.3 Request Headers

Content-Type: application/json

59.2.4 Request Body

The hosts for the domain.

59.2.4.1 Parameters

hosts - *list*

The list of hosts

name - *string*

The host name

address - *string*

The IP address of the host.

59.3 Response

59.3.1 Status Code

204 No Content

Returned on success

404 Not Found

No domain records found for the given domain name.

500 Internal Server Error

An error has occurred with the registry,

59.3.2 Response Body

The hosts to set for the domain.

59.4 Example of replacing the hosts

Request

```
Content-Length: 0  
PUT /domains/example.com/hosts  
{ "hosts": [ {  
    "name": "ns1.ng-test-fitnessse-20130202-0605.com",  
    "address": "133.45.67.1"}, {  
    "name": "ns2.ng-test-fitnessse-20130202-0605.com",  
    "address": "133.45.67.2"} ] }
```

Response

204 No Content

59.5 See also

- [Domain Name Registration API](#)
- [Common Features](#)

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60 Domains-domainName-hosts:POST

61 POST /domains/{domainName}/hosts

Add or update the hosts list of a domain. If a host doesn't exist it will be created, otherwise its IP address will be updated.

61.1 Contents

- 1 POST
/domains/{domainName}/hosts
 - ◆ 1.1 Request
 - ◊ 1.1.1 Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.2 URI Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.3 Request Headers
 - ◊ 1.1.4 Request Body
 - 1.1.4.1 Parameters
 - ◆ 1.2 Response
 - ◊ 1.2.1 Status Code
 - ◊ 1.2.2 Response Body
 - ◆ 1.3 Example of updating hosts
 - ◆ 1.4 See also

61.2 Request

POST /domains/{domainName}/hosts

61.2.1 Parameters

None.

61.2.2 URI Parameters

domainName - string

The domain name. IE: **example.com** is a valid domain name, whereas **http://www.example.com** or **www.example.com** are not. If the domain name is invalid, or is otherwise not registerable such as for a non-existent or non-supported TLD, an error will be returned. Domain names are case insensitive. The domain name must be an open or suspended product under the authenticated franchise.

61.2.3 Request Headers

Content-Type: application/json

61.2.4 Request Body

The hosts for the domain.

61.2.4.1 Parameters

hosts - *list*

The list of hosts

name - *string*

The host name

address - *string*

The IP address of the host.

61.3 Response

61.3.1 Status Code

204 No Content

Returned on success

404 Not Found

No domain records found for the given domain name.

500 Internal Server Error

An error has occurred with the registry,

61.3.2 Response Body

The hosts to set for the domain.

61.4 Example of updating hosts

Request

```
Content-Length: 0
POST /domains/example.com/hosts
>{"hosts": [{"name": "ns2.ng-test-fitness-20130202-0605.com", "address": "133.45.67.2"}]}
```

Response

204 No Content

61.5 See also

- [Domain Name Registration API](#)
- [Common Features](#)

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62 Domains-domainName-hosts:DELETE

63 DELETE /domains/{domainName}/hosts/{hostName}

Delete a single host from a domain. To delete multiple hosts you can use the "replace hosts" feature.

63.1 Contents

- 1 DELETE
/domains/{domainName}/hosts/{hostName}
 - ◆ 1.1 Request
 - ◊ 1.1.1 Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.2 URI Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.3 Request Headers
 - ◊ 1.1.4 Request Body
 - ◆ 1.2 Response
 - ◊ 1.2.1 Status Code
 - ◊ 1.2.2 Response Body
 - ◆ 1.3 Example of deleting a host
 - ◆ 1.4 See also

63.2 Request

```
DELETE /domains/{domainName}/hosts/{hostName}
```

63.2.1 Parameters

None.

63.2.2 URI Parameters

domainName - string

The domain name. IE: **example.com** is a valid domain name, whereas **http://www.example.com** or **www.example.com** are not. If the domain name is invalid, or is otherwise not registerable such as for a non-existent or non-supported TLD, an error will be returned. Domain names are case insensitive. The domain name must be an open or suspended product under the authenticated franchise.

hostName - string

The name of the host to delete.

63.2.3 Request Headers

Content-Type: application/json

63.2.4 Request Body

None.

63.3 Response

63.3.1 Status Code

204 No Content

Returned on success

404 Not Found

No domain records found for the given domain name.

500 Internal Server Error

An error has occurred with the registry,

63.3.2 Response Body

63.4 Example of deleting a host

Request

```
DELETE /domains/example.com/hosts/ns1.example.com
```

Response

204 No Content

63.5 See also

- Domain Name Registration API
- Common Features

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64 Domains-domainName-contactverification:GET

65 GET /domains/{domainName}/contactverification

Get the status of the contactverification for {domainName} Or Get will send a verification email for {domainName}

- [This page requires more explanatory detail and examples]*

65.1 Contents

- 1 GET /domains/{domainName}/contactverification
 - ◆ 1.1 Request
 - ◊ 1.1.1 Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.2 URI Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.3 Request Headers
 - ◊ 1.1.4 Request Body
 - ◆ 1.2 Response
 - ◊ 1.2.1 Status Code
 - ◊ 1.2.2 Response Body
 - ◊ 1.2.3 Response parameters
 - ◆ 1.3 Example getting contact verification status for a domain.
 - ◆ 1.4 Example sending contact verification for a domain.
 - ◆ 1.5 See also

65.2 Request

GET /domains/{domainName}/contactverification

65.2.1 Parameters

action

The action GET will take.
info | sendVerificationEmail

65.2.2 URI Parameters

domainName - string

The domain name. IE: **example.com** is a valid domain name, whereas **http://www.example.com** or **www.example.com** are not. If the domain name is invalid, or is otherwise not registerable such as for a non-existent or non-supported TLD, an error will be returned. Domain names are case insensitive. The domain name must be an open or suspended product under the authenticated franchise.

65.2.3 Request Headers

None.

65.2.4 Request Body

None.

65.3 Response

65.3.1 Status Code

200 OK

Returns contact verification status when action=info

204 No Content

when action=sendVerificationEmail

65.3.2 Response Body

```
{  
    "verificationStatus": "pending"  
}
```

65.3.3 Response parameters

verificationStatus - string

"Verified", "Cancelled", "Queued, Pending Verification", "Queue Expired", "Pending Suspension", "Suspended"

65.4 Example getting contact verification status for a domain.

Request

GET /domains/example.com/contactverification?action=info

Response

```
200 OK  
Content-Type: application/json; charset=UTF-8  
{"verificationStatus": "pending"}
```

65.5 Example sending contact verification for a domain.

Request

GET /domains/example.com/contactverification?action=sendVerificationEmail

Response

204 No Content

65.6 See also

- [Domain Name Registration API](#)
- [Common Features](#)

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66 Domains-domainName-privateregistration:GET

67 GET /domains/{domainName}/privateregistration

Get the privateregistration info for a domain.

67.1 Contents

- 1 GET
/domains/{domainName}/privateregistration
 - ◆ 1.1 Request
 - ◊ 1.1.1 Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.2 URI Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.3 Request Headers
 - ◊ 1.1.4 Request Body
 - ◆ 1.2 Response
 - ◊ 1.2.1 Status Code
 - ◊ 1.2.2 Response Body
 - 1.2.2.1 Parameters
 - ◊ 1.3 Example of getting the domain authorization code.
 - ◆ 1.4 See also

67.2 Request

GET /domains/{domainName}/privateregistration

67.2.1 Parameters

None.

67.2.2 URI Parameters

domainName - string

The domain name. IE: **example.com** is a valid domain name, whereas **http://www.example.com** or **www.example.com** are not. If the domain name is invalid, or is otherwise not registerable such as for a non-existent or non-supported TLD, an error will be returned. Domain names are case insensitive. The domain name must be an open or suspended product under the authenticated franchise.

67.2.3 Request Headers

None.

67.2.4 Request Body

None.

67.3 Response

67.3.1 Status Code

200 OK

Returns the privateregistration info

404 Not Found

No domain records found for the given domain name.

500 Internal Server Error

An error has occurred with the back end or the domain registry.

67.3.2 Response Body

The privateregistration info.

67.3.2.1 Parameters

type - string

The privateregistration product type, either "full" or "light"

productTypeConfiguration- string

The product name, e.g. "core.privateregistration"

email - string

(Optional) The forwarding e-mail address for "full" type privateregistration.

67.4 Example of getting the domain authorization code.

Request

GET /domains/example.com/privateregistration

Response

200 OK
Content-Type: application/json; charset=UTF-8

```
{  
  "type": "full",  
  "productTypeConfiguration": "core.privateregistration",  
  "email": "test@test.com"  
}
```

67.5 See also

- [Domain Name Registration API](#)
- [Common Features](#)

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68 Domains-domainName-privateregistration:POST

69 POST /domains/{domainName}/privateregistration

Update the privateregistration for a domain - change forwarding e-mail address, upgrade or downgrade between "full" and "light" version of the privateregistration product.

69.1 Contents

- 1 POST /domains/{domainName}/privateregistration
 - ◆ 1.1 Request
 - ◊ 1.1.1 Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.2 URI Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.3 Request Headers
 - ◊ 1.1.4 Request Body
 - 1.1.4.1 Parameters
 - ◆ 1.2 Response
 - ◊ 1.2.1 Status Code
 - ◊ 1.2.2 Response Body
 - ◆ 1.3 Example of updating e-mail address for "full" type of privateregistration.
 - ◆ 1.4 Example of downgrading "full" type of privateregistration to "light".
 - ◆ 1.5 Example of upgrading "light" type of privateregistration to "full".
 - ◆ 1.6 See also

69.2 Request

POST /domains/{domainName}/privateregistration

69.2.1 Parameters

None.

69.2.2 URI Parameters

domainName - string

The domain name. IE: **example.com** is a valid domain name, whereas **http://www.example.com** or **www.example.com** are not. If the domain name is invalid, or is otherwise not registerable such as for a non-existent or non-supported TLD, an error will be returned. Domain names are case insensitive. The domain name must be an open or suspended product under the authenticated franchise.

69.2.3 Request Headers

Content-Type: application/json

69.2.4 Request Body

The hosts for the domain.

69.2.4.1 Parameters

type - string

(Optional) The privateregistration product type, either "full" or "light". If it's different than the current type, product will be upgraded or downgraded to match the new type.

email - string

(Optional) The forwarding e-mail address for "full" type privateregistration.

69.3 Response

69.3.1 Status Code

204 No Content

Returned on success

404 Not Found

No domain records found for the given domain name.

500 Internal Server Error

An error has occurred with the registry,

69.3.2 Response Body

None.

69.4 Example of updating e-mail address for "full" type of privateregistration.

Request

POST /domains/example.com/privateregistration

```
{ "email": "test-changed@test.com" }
```

Response

204 No Content

69.5 Example of downgrading "full" type of privateregistration to "light".

Request

```
POST /domains/example.com/privateregistration
{ "type": "light" }
```

Response

204 No Content

69.6 Example of upgrading "light" type of privateregistration to "full".

Request

```
POST /domains/example.com/privateregistration
{ "type": "full", "email": "test-forward@test.com" }
```

Response

204 No Content

69.7 See also

- Domain Name Registration API
- Common Features

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70 Domains-domainName-privateregistration:DELETE

71 DELETE /domains/{domainName}/privateregistration

Remove the privateregistration for a domain.

71.1 Contents

- 1 DELETE
/domains/{domainName}/privateregistration
 - ◆ 1.1 Request
 - ◊ 1.1.1 Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.2 URI Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.3 Request Headers
 - ◊ 1.1.4 Request Body
 - ◆ 1.2 Response
 - ◊ 1.2.1 Status Code
 - ◊ 1.2.2 Response Body
 - ◆ 1.3 Example of deleting a host
 - ◆ 1.4 See also

71.2 Request

```
DELETE /domains/{domainName}/privateregistration
```

71.2.1 Parameters

None.

71.2.2 URI Parameters

domainName - string

The domain name. IE: **example.com** is a valid domain name, whereas **http://www.example.com** or **www.example.com** are not. If the domain name is invalid, or is otherwise not registerable such as for a non-existent or non-supported TLD, an error will be returned. Domain names are case insensitive. The domain name must be an open or suspended product under the authenticated franchise.

71.2.3 Request Headers

Content-Type: application/json

71.2.4 Request Body

None.

71.3 Response

71.3.1 Status Code

204 No Content

Returned on success

404 Not Found

No domain records found for the given domain name.

500 Internal Server Error

An error has occurred with the registry,

71.3.2 Response Body

71.4 Example of deleting a host

Request

```
DELETE /domains/example.com/privateregistration
```

Response

```
204 No Content
```

71.5 See also

- Domain Name Registration API
- Common Features

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72 Domains-domainName-renewTerms:GET

73 GET /domains/{domainName}/renewTerms

Get the available renewal terms and pricing for a domain.

73.1 Contents

- 1 GET /domains/{domainName}/renewTerms
 - ◆ 1.1 Request
 - ◊ 1.1.1 Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.2 URI Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.3 Request Headers
 - ◊ 1.1.4 Request Body
 - ◆ 1.2 Response
 - ◊ 1.2.1 Status Code
 - ◊ 1.2.2 Response Body
 - ◆ 1.3 Example of getting the available renewal terms and pricing.
 - ◆ 1.4 See also

73.2 Request

GET /domains/ {domainName} /renewTerms

73.2.1 Parameters

domainName - string

The domain name. IE: **example.com** is a valid domain name, whereas **http://www.example.com** or **www.example.com** are not. If the domain name is invalid, or is otherwise not registerable such as for a non-existent or non-supported TLD, an error will be returned. Domain names are case insensitive. The domain name must be an open or suspended product under the authenticated franchise.

73.2.2 URI Parameters

promotionCode
String (optional)

73.2.3 Request Headers

None.

73.2.4 Request Body

None.

73.3 Response

73.3.1 Status Code

200 OK

Returns the available renewal terms and pricing.

404 Not Found

No domain records found for the given domain name.

500 Internal Server Error

If the back end returns no renewal terms and/or pricing.

73.3.2 Response Body

List of the available renewal terms and pricing.

73.4 Example of getting the available renewal terms and pricing.

Request

GET /domains/example.com/renewTerms

Response

200 OK

Content-Type: application/json; charset=UTF-8

```
[{"currency": "USD", "amount": 0.0, "cycleName": "Yearly", "monthlyCycle": 12}, {"currency": "USD", "amount": 0.0, "cycleName": "Two Yearly", "monthlyCycle": 24}, {"currency": "USD", "amount": 0.0, "cycleName": "Three Yearly", "monthlyCycle": 36}, {"currency": "USD", "amount": 0.0, "cycleName": "Four Yearly", "monthlyCycle": 48}, {"currency": "USD", "amount": 0.0, "cycleName": "Five Yearly", "monthlyCycle": 60}, {"currency": "USD", "amount": 0.0, "cycleName": "Ten Yearly", "monthlyCycle": 120}]
```

73.5 See also

- Domain Name Registration API
- Common Features

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74 Domains-domainName-renew:POST

75 POST /domains/{domainName}/renew

Renew a domain for a specified registration period.

75.1 Contents

- 1 POST
/domains/{domainName}/renew
 - ◆ 1.1 Request
 - ◊ 1.1.1 URI Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.2 Request Headers
 - ◊ 1.1.3 Request Body
 - 1.1.3.1 Request Parameters
 - ◆ 1.2 Response
 - ◊ 1.2.1 Status Code
 - ◊ 1.2.2 Response Body
 - ◆ 1.3 Example of ordering domain renewal.
 - ◆ 1.4 See also

75.2 Request

POST /domains/{domainName}/renew

75.2.1 URI Parameters

domainName - string

The domain name to renew. Domain name is case insensitive.

75.2.2 Request Headers

Content-Type

Required. Set this header to application/json; charset=UTF-8

Authorization

Required.

75.2.3 Request Body

Request Body for renewing a domain

```
{  
    "term": "{term}",  
    "currentExpiresDate": "{expireDate}"  
}
```

75.2.3.1 Request Parameters

term - integer

Required. The number of years to add to the registration term. This amount must match one of the available cycles for renewing a domain. For example, if the [pricing](#) call shows that a domain has available cycles of 1 year, 5 and 10 this means a domain may not be renewed for 3 years, since that is not an available term for renewal. A domain cannot be renewed beyond its maximum registration term. Therefore if the max registration term is 10 years and a domain expires in 5 days, it cannot be renewed for 10 years, since this would mean the new term would be 10 years and 5 days into the future. Only a domain that is already expired can be renewed for its max registration term.

expireDate - date

The current expiration date of the domain is required to prove that the renewal request is unique and is not a duplicate renewal that has already been processed. If the given expireDate does not match the current expiration date of the domain, the renewal request is rejected. Use the [domain info](#) command to get the expireDate of the domains. The format for the date is yyyy-mm-dd

75.3 Response

75.3.1 Status Code

201 Accepted

The domain renewal order has been submitted.

400 Bad Request

If the given data is not acceptable. The domain name may be invalid if it includes parts of the URL like '[http://](#)'. If the registration term is not a supported registration term for the domain, or if the expire date is in an invalid format. This error is also invoked if any of the required parameters are missing from the request.

403 - Not authorized

The domain name does not belong in the account of the customer who is attempting to renew the domain. Only the account holder may renew the domain.

404 - Not found

The domain name does not exist or is in a closed or suspended state and cannot be renewed.

409 - Conflict

When the registration term exceeds the maximum registration period, or the current expiration date supplied in the request does not match the expire date of the domain.

75.3.2 Response Body

Response Body for renewing a domain None

75.4 Example of ordering domain renewal.

Request

```
POST /domains/ng-test-fitnessse-shortcut-20130412-0940.com/renew
Content-Type: application/json; charset=UTF-8
Authorization: Basic ...

{
  "term": "1",
  "currentExpireDate": "2013-09-21"
}
```

Response

201 Accepted

75.5 See also

- [Domain Name Registration API](#)
- [Common Features](#)

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76 Domains-domainName-prices:GET

77 GET /domains/{domainName}/prices

Get prices for register, renew and transfer.

77.1 Contents

- 1 GET
/domains/{domainName}/prices
 - ◆ 1.1 Request
 - ◊ 1.1.1 Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.2 URI Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.3 Request Headers
 - ◊ 1.1.4 Request Body
 - ◆ 1.2 Response
 - ◊ 1.2.1 Status Code
 - ◊ 1.2.2 Response Body
 - ◆ 1.3 Example of getting prices.
 - ◆ 1.4 See also

77.2 Request

GET /domains/{domainName}/prices

77.2.1 Parameters

domainName - string

The domain name. IE: **example.com** is a valid domain name, whereas **http://www.example.com** or **www.example.com** are not. If the domain name is invalid, or is otherwise not registerable such as for a non-existent or non-supported TLD, an error will be returned. Domain names are case insensitive. The domain name must be an open or suspended product under the authenticated franchise.

77.2.2 URI Parameters

filterCurrency- *string*
(OPTIONAL)

Currency for which prices are displayed. If not provided will default to USD

77.2.3 Request Headers

None.

77.2.4 Request Body

None.

77.3 Response

77.3.1 Status Code

200 OK

Returns domain prices.

404 Not Found

No domain prices found.

77.3.2 Response Body

List of the available prices.

77.4 Example of getting prices.

Request

GET /domains/example.com/prices

Response

200 OK

Content-Type: application/json; charset=UTF-8

```
[{"currency": "USD", "amount": 10.5, "type": "domain_transfer_fee", "monthlyCycle": 12, "deferred": 0}, {"currency": "USD", "amount": 16.0, "type": "domain_registration_fee", "monthlyCycle": 12, "deferred": 0}, {"currency": "USD", "amount": 8.94999999999993, "type": "domain_renewal_fee", "monthlyCycle": 12, "deferred": 0}, {"currency": "USD", "amount": 17.89999999999999, "type": "domain_renewal_fee", "monthlyCycle": 24, "deferred": 0}, {"currency": "USD", "amount": 26.85000000000001, "type": "domain_renewal_fee", "monthlyCycle": 36, "deferred": 0}, {"currency": "USD", "amount": 35.79999999999997, "type": "domain_renewal_fee", "monthlyCycle": 48, "deferred": 0}, {"currency": "USD", "amount": 44.75, "type": "domain_renewal_fee", "monthlyCycle": 60, "deferred": 0}, ]
```

```
{"currency": "USD", "amount": 89.5, "type": "domain_renewal_fee", "monthlyCycle": 120, "deferred": 0},  
{"currency": "USD", "amount": 17.89999999999999, "type": "domain_registration_fee", "monthlyCycle": 24, "deferred": 0},  
{"currency": "USD", "amount": 26.850000000000001, "type": "domain_registration_fee", "monthlyCycle": 36, "deferred": 0},  
{"currency": "USD", "amount": 35.79999999999997, "type": "domain_registration_fee", "monthlyCycle": 48, "deferred": 0},  
{"currency": "USD", "amount": 44.75, "type": "domain_registration_fee", "monthlyCycle": 60, "deferred": 0}  
]
```

77.5 See also

- [Common Features](#)

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78 register:GET

79 GET /domains/{domainName}/prices/register

Get register prices.

79.1 Contents

- 1 GET
/domains/{domainName}/prices/register
 - ◆ 1.1 Request
 - ◊ 1.1.1 Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.2 URI Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.3 Request Headers
 - ◊ 1.1.4 Request Body
 - ◆ 1.2 Response
 - ◊ 1.2.1 Status Code
 - ◊ 1.2.2 Response Body
 - ◆ 1.3 Example of getting register prices.
 - ◆ 1.4 See also

79.2 Request

GET /domains/{domainName}/prices/register

79.2.1 Parameters

domainName - string

The domain name. IE: **example.com** is a valid domain name, whereas **http://www.example.com** or **www.example.com** are not. If the domain name is invalid, or is otherwise not registerable such as for a non-existent or non-supported TLD, an error will be returned. Domain names are case insensitive. The domain name must be an open or suspended product under the authenticated franchise.

79.2.2 URI Parameters

filterCurrency- *string*
(OPTIONAL)

Currency for which prices are displayed. If not provided will default to USD

79.2.3 Request Headers

None.

79.2.4 Request Body

None.

79.3 Response

79.3.1 Status Code

200 OK

Returns register domain prices.

404 Not Found

No domain register prices found.

79.3.2 Response Body

List of the available register prices.

79.4 Example of getting register prices.

Request

GET /domains/example.com/prices/register

Response

200 OK

Content-Type: application/json; charset=UTF-8

```
[{"currency": "USD", "amount": 16.0, "type": "domain_registration_fee", "monthlyCycle": 12, "deferred": 0}, {"currency": "USD", "amount": 17.89999999999999, "type": "domain_registration_fee", "monthlyCycle": 24, "deferred": 0}, {"currency": "USD", "amount": 26.85000000000001, "type": "domain_registration_fee", "monthlyCycle": 36, "deferred": 0}, {"currency": "USD", "amount": 35.79999999999997, "type": "domain_registration_fee", "monthlyCycle": 48, "deferred": 0}, {"currency": "USD", "amount": 44.75, "type": "domain_registration_fee", "monthlyCycle": 60, "deferred": 0}]
```

Note: Deferred flag is showing whether there is delayed billing configured.

79.5 See also

- [Common Features](#)

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80 renew:GET

81 GET /domains/{domainName}/prices/renew

Get renewal prices.

81.1 Contents

- 1 GET
/domains/{domainName}/prices/renew
 - ◆ 1.1 Request
 - ◊ 1.1.1 Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.2 URI Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.3 Request Headers
 - ◊ 1.1.4 Request Body
 - ◆ 1.2 Response
 - ◊ 1.2.1 Status Code
 - ◊ 1.2.2 Response Body
 - ◆ 1.3 Example of getting renew prices.
 - ◆ 1.4 See also

81.2 Request

GET /domains/{domainName}/prices/renew

81.2.1 Parameters

domainName - string

The domain name. IE: **example.com** is a valid domain name, whereas **http://www.example.com** or **www.example.com** are not. If the domain name is invalid, or is otherwise not registerable such as for a non-existent or non-supported TLD, an error will be returned. Domain names are case insensitive. The domain name must be an open or suspended product under the authenticated franchise.

81.2.2 URI Parameters

filterCurrency- *string*
(OPTIONAL)

Currency for which prices are displayed. If not provided will default to USD

81.2.3 Request Headers

None.

81.2.4 Request Body

None.

81.3 Response

81.3.1 Status Code

200 OK

Returns the renewal prices.

404 Not Found

No domain prices found.

81.3.2 Response Body

List of the available renew prices.

81.4 Example of getting renew prices.

Request

GET /domains/example.com/prices/renew

Response

200 OK

Content-Type: application/json; charset=UTF-8

```
[{"currency": "USD", "amount": 8.949999999999993, "type": "domain_renewal_fee", "monthlyCycle": 12, "deferred": 0}, {"currency": "USD", "amount": 17.89999999999999, "type": "domain_renewal_fee", "monthlyCycle": 24, "deferred": 0}, {"currency": "USD", "amount": 26.85000000000001, "type": "domain_renewal_fee", "monthlyCycle": 36, "deferred": 0}, {"currency": "USD", "amount": 35.79999999999997, "type": "domain_renewal_fee", "monthlyCycle": 48, "deferred": 0}, {"currency": "USD", "amount": 44.75, "type": "domain_renewal_fee", "monthlyCycle": 60, "deferred": 0}, {"currency": "USD", "amount": 89.5, "type": "domain_renewal_fee", "monthlyCycle": 120, "deferred": 0}]
```

Note: Deferred flag is showing whether there is delayed billing configured.

81.5 See also

- [Common Features](#)

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82 transfer:GET

83 GET /domains/{domainName}/prices/transfer

Get renewal prices.

83.1 Contents

- 1 GET
/domains/{domainName}/prices/transfer
 - ◆ 1.1 Request
 - ◊ 1.1.1 Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.2 URI Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.3 Request Headers
 - ◊ 1.1.4 Request Body
 - ◆ 1.2 Response
 - ◊ 1.2.1 Status Code
 - ◊ 1.2.2 Response Body
 - ◆ 1.3 Example of getting transfer prices.
 - ◆ 1.4 See also

83.2 Request

GET /domains/{domainName}/prices/transfer

83.2.1 Parameters

domainName - string

The domain name. IE: **example.com** is a valid domain name, whereas **http://www.example.com** or **www.example.com** are not. If the domain name is invalid, or is otherwise not registerable such as for a non-existent or non-supported TLD, an error will be returned. Domain names are case insensitive. The domain name must be an open or suspended product under the authenticated franchise.

83.2.2 URI Parameters

filterCurrency- *string*
(OPTIONAL)

Currency for which prices are displayed. If not provided will default to USD

83.2.3 Request Headers

None.

83.2.4 Request Body

None.

83.3 Response

83.3.1 Status Code

200 OK

Returns domain transfer prices.

404 Not Found

No domain transfer prices found.

83.3.2 Response Body

List of the available transfer prices.

83.4 Example of getting transfer prices.

Request

GET /domains/example.com/prices/transfer

Response

200 OK
Content-Type: application/json; charset=UTF-8

```
[{"currency": "USD", "amount": 10.5, "type": "domain_transfer_fee", "monthlyCycle": 12, "deferred": 1}]
```

Note: Deferred flag is showing whether there is delayed billing configured.

83.5 See also

- Common Features

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84 Domains-domainName-privateregistration-:GET

85 GET /domains/privateregistration

Show if private registration is available for the supplied comma delimited tld list

85.1 Contents

- 1 GET
/domains/privateregistration
 - ◆ 1.1 Request
 - ◊ 1.1.1 Parameters
 - ◊ 1.1.2 Request
 - ◊ 1.1.3 Headers
 - ◊ 1.1.3 Request Body
 - 1.1.3.1 Request Parameters
 - ◆ 1.2 Response
 - ◊ 1.2.1 Status Code
 - ◊ 1.2.2 Response Body
 - ◆ 1.3 Example search for a domain product.
 - ◆ 1.4 See also

85.2 Request

GET /domains/privateregistration

85.2.1 Parameters

tld

one or more valid tld's separated by comma

85.2.2 Request Headers

None.

85.2.3 Request Body

None.

85.2.3.1 Request Parameters

tld - *list of strings*
comma separated list of tlids
for example, tld=com,net.org

85.3 Response

85.3.1 Status Code

200 OK
Returns private registration availability.

400 Bad Request
Invalid request

85.3.2 Response Body

List of private registration availability.

85.4 Example search for a domain product.

Request

GET /domains/privateregistration?tld=pro,ca,asia,eu,be,nl,co.uk,us,com,net,info,org

Response

200 OK
Content-Type: application/json; charset=UTF-8

```
[{"privateRegistration": false, "tld": "pro"}, {"privateRegistration": false, "tld": "ca"}, {"privateRegistration": false, "tld": "asia"}, {"privateRegistration": false, "tld": "eu"}, {"privateRegistration": false, "tld": "be"}, {"privateRegistration": false, "tld": "nl"}, {"privateRegistration": false, "tld": "co.uk"}, {"privateRegistration": false, "tld": "us"}]
```

```
[{"privateRegistration": true, "tld": "com"},  
 {"privateRegistration": true, "tld": "net"},  
 {"privateRegistration": true, "tld": "info"},  
 {"privateRegistration": true, "tld": "org"}]
```

85.5 See also

- [Common Features](#)

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86 Common Features

All Hostway APIs support common features for authentication and authorization, pagination, references to related resources, etc.

- Authentication
- Hypermedia
- Pagination
- Server Response Codes
- Filtering

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